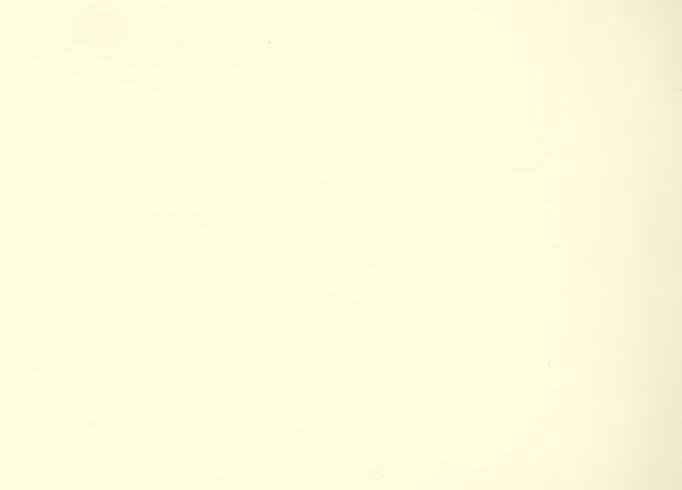
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8-3501

ELTWEED POMEROY of Donna Texas "The Man Who Makes Our Valley Beautiful,"

Vice-President American Pomological Society Vice-President Texas Horticultural Society Vice-President Rio Grande Horticultural Society Charter Member Burbank Society

- Marsh Grapefruit.
- Kumquat.

- Kumquat. Tangerine Orange. Blood Orange. Eureka Lemon. Valencia Orange.



# Two Messages for the Men in Rio Grande Valley

1st Life is not worth living without beauty around you. The women and children become discontented and discouraged if there are no trees, shrubs and flowers around the home.

In this land of long, strong and brilliant sunshine, the grateful coulth and shade of trees brings rest and refreshment. Plant trees, shrubs and flowers.

It pays both spiritually and financially,

I have given the best ten years of my life to finding out what will grow well here and bringing them to you.

This PLANT BOOK tells this

2nd Of all the staple crops which can be grown in this wonderful Rio Grande Delta, nothing will equal in large financial returns, lemons, oranges and grape fruit when the best trees are planted and cared for with the love that such beautiful plants deserve.

Few occupations are as pleasant as giving this orchard care.

Large profit and pleasure unite in citrus growing.

Three summers have I visited California studying citrus growing, inspecting nurseries and buying trees.

Three springs have I visited Florida on the same mission.

This PLANT BOOK tells what can be had for Delta planting.

I will be glad to advise with you and give you the benefit of my knowledge and practical experience. I will be glad to have you visit La Granja, my testing farm, a mile east of Donna Station, and by appointment, I will be there to show you its beautiful flowers and growing plants and to advise with you.

Come early. The demands on my time after January 1st are so many and urgent that it is often hard to meet all.

ELTWEED POMEROY.

Vice-President American Pomological Society, Vice-President Texas Horticultural Society, Vice-President Rio Grande Horticultural Society, Charter Member Burbank Society. Donna, Texas.

# I Have Made My Own Home Beautiful—See What Others Say

Col. Richey of the U. S. Reclamation Service spent two days going over the Rio Grande Delta and was taken for a couple of hours to La Granja. Eltweed Pomeroy's testing farm near Donna, and after a talk with Mr. Pomeroy, he said he saw more of the wonderful possibilities of our valley in the two hours than in the two days.

A. Wayne Wood, Esq., Cashier of the First National Eank at Brownsville, said, after visting La Granja: "I did not know there was such a beautiful place in our valley. I had not dreamed of it." And after talking with Mr. Pomeroy, he said: "I consider the horticultural work in testing trees and plants end in encouraging the planting of the valuable ones which for over ten years, Mr. Pomeroy has been doing, as one of the most vital and important if not absolutely the most important now being done for our section's development."

Clarence H. Lee, real estate man and developer, who planned and mainly sold Leeland near Harlingen, and is now putting the Rancho de Santa Maria onto the map, has frequently visited La Granja and employed Mr. Pomeroy and he said recently: "I consider Mr. Pomeroy's work in testing out the horticultural possibilities of our Rio Grande Delta, and when

tested, of bringing in and selling the trees and plants, has actually accomplished more of the valley's development and is actually raising the value of every acre here more than any other single movement. He should be actively supported in his marvelous work."

"Mr. Pomeroy has done more" said Mr. T. J. Hooks of the La Blanco Agricultural Co. of Donna, "to put the name of Donna and our whole Rio Grande Valley onto the map than any other single agency, in his horticultural work."

"The mere seeing of your home place" wrote a prominent lady recently, "has been a stimulus to me to make my own home lovely and this the Valley Beautiful."

"The most needed growth now is not in bringing in more settlers into our valley, but in teaching those here how they can live contentedly and really develop the delta's wonderful possibilities. In actually accomplishing these two great things, Mr. Eltweed Pomeroy of Donna, has perhaps done more than any other one man by his continual experimenting and then his selling and encouraging the improvement of homes by planting," said Mr. H. E. Davis, cashier of the First State Bank of Donna.

# The Need of

tion," says L. H. Bailey. "To make it attractive without, as well as comfortable within, increases its efficiency in maintaining the good citizenship upon which the security of the American republic depends." In the Rio Grande Delta where 90 per cent of the houses have been started within a decade and 50 per cent within the last two years, this need is more vital than elsewhere. The urgent need of getting farm work started, has often forced the importance of an attractive home into the background, and the women and children have become discontented without knowing why, and in time this discontent has become so strong that the whole

GREATER NEED OF TREES HERE. Comfort inside is less needed here

uable human elements to our community.

than attractiveness outside because we have ten months of late spring, summer and early fall and practically live outside. A porch, the shade of trees, the beauty of shrubs and flowers are far more important factors with us than in sections where cold and snow render foliage impossible for four to six months of the year. We need landscaping around our homes more than any other section.



# Landscaping

STRONG SUNLIGHT. Also people forget that our section is from 500 to 400 miles south of Southern California and nearly the same distance south of the lake section of Florida, its best part; that we are below the middle of the Sahara desert, below Cairo in Egypt, Delhi in India, Shanghai in China. Our sunlight for the most of the year is the sunlight of the tropics. It is strong.

EFFECT ON EYES. Owing to the aridity of our natural climate, our native vegetation

is scanty with small leaves, making little shade. There are no big trees in whose shade one can rest, no large leaves making a shade to rest the eye. The result is a continuous small eye-strain. Fine wrinkles running from the outer corners of the eyes appear quickly on our faces. Notice the first ten people you see and you will catch it. It is the effect of the eye to partially close tisself and shut out some of this over strong sumlight.

REMEDY. How much better it would be to grow trees and palms under whose cool shade one can rest, to build pergolas and train vincs over them, affording shade, to plant shrubs and flowers all around whose foliage will give the dark colors on the ground so needed for our eyes. The need of landscaping here is more than anywhere else in the United States.

ELTWEED POMEROY, Nurseryman, Landscape Designer. Donna, Texas.

EFFECTS ON WHITES. We are in a latitude where white people do not live. This latitude is the home of dark colored races. Owing to our continual breeze from the Guif of Mexico, we can and do live here and it is a healthy climate for whites. We never have any sun-strokes. But too much sunlight is as bad as too little, and the whites lack the protective coloring in the skin of the races who live in this climate and often, without knowing the resson, they become nervous, over wrought, critical and even censorious. Most of this is due to too great an exposure to our strong sunlight.

NEED OF SHADE. Hence the great need of shade. People have visited La Granja and said: "Oh, we could live here always if we had the palms, trees, shrubs and flowers around us that you have." They have said: "How cool it is hre." Yet it is no cooler than elsewhere; the shade has given the effect of coolness.



Upper, a wonderful house entrance with stately old fan palms in front and back a pair of the lovely Queen or Cocos Plumosa palms. A Japanese Toric gateway is between but it is partially hid by a tall Crepe Myrtle bush. On each side are lower shrubbery while a light hedge of Hibiscus draws a line between sidewalk and house grounds. No more stately entrance could be had to an ancient Egyptian temple. You can have such in the Rio Grande Delta.

Below is just a home, tree embowered, vines growing over the pergola, Hibiscus, Lantanas, Plumbagos, etc., on each side of the hospitable entrance and tieing the whole home to our parent earth, a Canary palm burgeoning in the front yard and a newly started Cherry Laurel hedre in front, Go thou and do likewise.

# What Is Landscaping?

"Landscaping," says Mr. Reasoner of Florida, one of the most experienced artists in our country: "is the artistic expression of an interprotation of nature in the planting of grounds; it is not the scattering of a miscellaneous collection of plants over a given area,"

YOU CAN DO IT. If you plant a half dozen plants in a group so that each contrasts with the other, bringing out the beautics of each, and adding beauty to the

building or what-not connected with the planting, you have done landscape work. To do it successfully on scale requires four abilities.

1st, KNOWLEDGE OF PLANTS. You may get a temporary

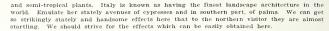
effect with plants which will not thrive under the conditions of soil, climate, water, etc., but no really economical and fine large effect can be obtained without an intimate knowledge of what will thrive and the height plants will grow, the character of foliage, the color of flowers, etc., etc. Thus no one would plant an Arizona Cypress growing 20 to 30 feet high in front of an Hibiscus growing 2 to 8 feet high; whereas an Hibiscus with its lovely, soft-green foliage makes a charming contrast when planted in front of the rather stiff silvery blue-green of the Arizona Cypress. You should not plant Bougainvillea and Queen's Wreath vines close together as the strong purple flower of one injures the delicate pink flower of the other and they flower simultaneously. But

you can plant a Bougainvillea and a white Moonvine, as the colors of the two flowers add each to the beauty of the other, and the foliage contrasts well.

#### 2nd, KNOWLEDGE OF EFFECTS. Certain effects can be easily

gained in certain climates, and the same effects are very difficult in other conditions, and vice-versa.

BEST EFFECT IN RIO GRANDE DELTA. Put your efforts in the Rio Grande Delta, not in getting the soft, rounded rural effects of England and much of the north. but strive for the stately and strikingly handsome effects to be obtained with palms and tropical



#### 3rd, KNOWLEDGE OF EFFECT NEEDED. This can be obtained in a general way from the

why I like to work in the closest co-operation with the owner, talking with him first, per-

kind of job but only fully from the owner. A talk with him is almost absolutely necessary or he may be disappointed at the end. This is

> haps correcting some idea he had which is not practical, but getting his ideas and striving to work them out, then showing him a preliminary sketch, and after more talk, finally fully developing the plan.

#### 4th, KNOWLEDGE OF MONEY AVAILABLE.

This can only be obtained from owner and it should include not only the amount available for first planting, but amount available for upkeep. This latter is most important as the finest effects of landscaping are apt not to come under a year or two, and they never arrive unless the plants are cared for. This information can only be obtained from owner. Hence talks are needed.



Residence of J. H. Woodstock at McAllen before planting and after two or three

Notice the exquisite balance and beautiful lines of this gem of a house. It lies low and looks as if it had just beautifully grown out of the ground.

First look above and then below. The plants close to the house tie it to the ground, make it a part of it, while the larger ones back and around only enhance the beauty as a fine setting improves a gem. A \$500.00 planting around this house has made it worth \$2,000.00 more after the planting has grown for a couple of years, and think of the fun of its care and the enjoyment to the eye every time you draw near.

INDIVIDUALITY. The true land-

scape artist

will strive not only for "the artistic expression of an interpretation of nature in planting," but he will further strive to get at the individuality of the owner of the place and to put some of that individuality into the planting. Thus if the place belongs to a gentle lady loving flowers, it should have soft effects with many bright flowers around, and if it belongs to a busy business man, his individuality would mean more stately and formal effects.



# The Cost of Landscaping

COMPARED TO VALUE. The actual cost of fine landscape around your home and in public places is CHEAP! CHEAP!

NOT AS LOW AS FORMERLY. Do not expect to get either plants or servlce as low as you got them before the war. Everything has advanced both in cost and in price. You will not buy now as low as you could five years ago.

NOT AS HIGH AS IT WILL BE. But prices the coming season are much lower

than they will be even one year hence. I have been both to the Atlantic and the Pacific last summer and spring visiting nurseries and buying. During the war, nurseries had a hard time. I have been able to pick up many bargains. I have bought many trees and plants at less than it cost to grow them. I am giving you this value.

But I have found a shortage of stock and the nurseries, owing to the shortage and high price of labor, are not planting the young stock. This means a famine in nursery stock in a few years.

Every tree or palm bought and planted now will in two or three years be worth, outside of the natural increase of value due to growth, from double to treble what it cost.



The Stewart Club House site with Mexicans living on it above and the same two years later when only part of the plants had grown of any size.

The cuts only feebly give an idea of the squalor and poverty of one and the dawning beauty of the other. Mr. Lentz who planned and did the planting showed real genius in his work and every year will see this place more and more levely. A proper proportion has been kept between the amount of money spent on the club house and on its surroundings.



## Hence Plant Now and Get That Increased Value

COST OF PLANS. I charge \$25.00 a day and transportation and expenses for my personal work and cannot, in the busy season, fill the demands on my time. I can usually make the plans for planting around a fine house in a day or a day and a half including the visit to the house and talks with the owner and his wife. By using cheaper labor for the routine work, I usually charge \$25.00 for a complete plan with full directions as to planting and careful adaptation to owners wishes as far as these can be successfully carried out. This also includes a list of the plants to be planted and their costs and an estimate of the cost of planting. So you can know exactly what you are getting.

The cost of plans for more elaborate planting varies with its extent and estimates will cheerfully be given after an interview.

COST OF PLANTS. Can be from nothing up. \$200.00 in plants around a house which has a double lot of about 100 feet front and 150 feet deep, will make a handaome showing in one to two years. \$500.00 in plants using larger ones and a few more, will make an immediate showing that will be handsome. For a thousand dollers, many rare and very large plants can be obtained and perhaps an acre or so of assorted fruit trees.

PLANTING. As a rule, I prefer not to do the planting but will supervise it for \$\$5.00 a day, but I expect two competent gentlemen with me during the planting season and one of these can easily supervise at \$15.00 a day and transportation.

I can furnish experienced Mexicans from my farm to do the actual work for 50c per hour and transportation.

If the ground is put into good shape, I will plot and dig holes and plant the plants for 50c each for large trees and palms, 20c each for smaller shrubs and 15c each for vines and flowers with a minimum charge of \$10.00. Palms are the sentinels of plant life. No other plant creates such a sense of majesty and stately tropical dignity as the larger varieties of palms when mature. They are one of the most attractive and by large plantings, should become the distinctive feature of the Rio Grande landscape. Certain tall-growing varieties are particularly fine for a splendid avenue approach to a home; others give an air of magnificence to a lawn, other dwarf varieties can be used near a house or in tubs on a piazza. My selection embraces the tested out sorts for these uses.

Palms cannot be handled with bare roots; they must be either balled or grown in pots or tubs when they can be transplanted without disturbing the close in roots. This method requires the pruning off of from 40 to 60 per cent of the leaves. When planting, do not remove the burlap but simply cut the cord and sive belnet you waster.

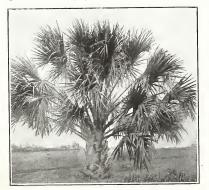
Palms and citrus trees live in the happiest community as the palm roots do not extend far and sap the soil where nearby citrus trees grow, hence a wind-break of the Sabal or of date palms or alternately of tall Washingtonio Robusta and broad Canariensis, is fine. If given lots of water, they are not slow growing.

CANARY PALM. (Phoenix Canariensis). Also called ornamental date palm. This is the most beautiful of the date palms with long elegant, frond-like leaves. It is of quick growth when given plenty of water and gets an enormous trunk, often 2 feet in diameter. It is too big and spreading for an avenue palm but glorious for single specimens. It should have a space 20 feet in diameter. (See cuts on pages 6 and 7).

PRICES. 2-3 ft. balled, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 doz., \$150 per 100. 3-4 ft. balled, 2.75 each, 27.50 doz., 190 per 100. 5-6 ft. balled, 6.00 each, 60.00 doz.

Should I be out of one size, I reserve the right to fill orders with other sizes at its price.

DATE PALM. (Phoenix Dactilifera). This is the bearing date but they are male and female and sex cannot be determined till they flower. Also they are seedlings and like seedling apple and other fruit trees, may or



6-Year Old Sabal Mexicana Palm at La Granja,

# PALMS

may not bear good fruit. Fine fruiting date palms are unobtainable. It is not nearly as handsome a palm as the Canary date and grows quantities of suckers around the roots making a big clump. Fine for wind-breaks but plant the Canary for ornament.

PRICES, Same as Canary Date.

RECLINATA. (Phoenix Reclinata). This is another variety of the date palm which grows with a trunk for 8 inches in diameter, making it fine for avenue planting. It is of very quick growth with dark green arched from Suckers start around its base, making an immense years.

PRICES. Nice plants out of 5-inch pots, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen, \$70.00 per 100; 2 to 3 ft. palms, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

SABAL MEXICANA or PALMETTO.

when small and stately when large.

PRICES. Same as Canary Palm,

FAN PALM. (Washingtonia Robusta). A tall and fastgrowing fan palm, very lovely when small but when it gets 50 or 40 feet high with a big tuft of leaves at top, it is not particularly handsome. For best effects along avenue, it should be planted alternately with some wider growing tree. See cut of Italian Cypress and Fan Palm on

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

5 to 4 ft., balled, 3.50 each, 55.99 per dozen, 8275.00 per 100. 6 to 8 ft., balled, 85.50 each, 855.00 per dozen. QUEEN PALM. (Cocus Plumosa). The finest palm for avenue planting as it grows with straight, erect trunk some 55 feet high and long, feathery, swaying dark green leaves. See cut on page 7.

				2		Each	Doz.	1.00
PRIC	ES.	Small	palms	from	4-inch p	ots. \$1.00		
		1 to 3	ft., ba	illed .		2.00	20.00	150.00
4 to 5	5 ft.,	balled				4.50		45.00
5 to	6 ft.,	balled				6 50		65.00
6 to	8 ft.,	balled				7.50		75.00
PINI	ю г	ALM.	(Coco	s Aus	tralis or	Eriospat	ha).	Probably

the most valuable palm for lawn planting there is, Grey-green foliage and fronds gracefully recurved, making it very striking. Ultimately grows about 50 feet high; should have 12 to 15 feet diameter circle. Fruit about size of a pigeon's egg with outer, sweet edible pulp. PRICES. Small plants from pots, 60e each, 86.00 per dozen.

ES. Small plants from pots, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen.
1 to 2 ft., balled, \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.
2 to 3 ft., balled, \$4.50 cach, \$45.00 per dozen.

4 to 5 ft., balled, 6.50 each, 65.00 per dozen.



Phoenix Canariencis Palm at Raymondville,

WINDMILL PALM. (Chamaerops Excelsa). Trunk, tall, slim and hairy. Leaves fan-shaped, deeply cut and set edgewise. Hardy. A most useful palm for small lawns or for aligning narrow driveways as it requires but little space.

				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,										Each	Doz.
PRICES.	1	to	1 1/2	ft.,	balled									\$2.00	\$20.00
	2	to	3	ft.,	balled									4.50	45.00
	3	to	4	ft.,	balled									5.50	55.00
		to			balled										
		to			balled										
Assortme	nt	Ne	. 8.	1	dozen	Pa	aln	ns	2	- 1	o	3	ft	. or	larger, my

BLUE PALM. (Erythea Armata). An unusually attractive lawn palm with large fan leaves of lovely silvery blue.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$4.50 each, \$45.00 per dozen.

HONEY PALM. (Jubes Spectabilis). A magnificent hardy
palm with immense dark green feathery
fronds, much finer and more lovely than the well-known
Canary Palm.

PRICES. 6 to 10 ft., boxed, \$25.00 each.

ELEGANT PALM. (Seaforthia Elegans). A most exquisite palm with slender whitish trunk, long, gracefully arching, drooping fronds and producing huge bunches of pinkish flowers followed by scarlet berries. PRICE. 6 to 8 ft., boxed, \$25.00 each.



6-Year Old Washington Robusta Palm at La Granja.

Phoenix Canariensis.

# Dwarf Palms

SAGO PALM. (Cycas Revoluta). A beautiful dwarf plant growing not more than 5 feet high and requiring circle 4 feet in diameter. It grows a round stem or bulb with whorl of dark green, glossy leaves very handsomely recurved from center. Hardy and likes a sunny exposure during spring when it makes rapid

PRICES. Nice small plants, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 doz.

CHIESE FAN PALM. (Livistona Chinensis or Latana Borbonica). A dwarf fan palm rarely growing more than 6 feet high with graceful large fan leaves. Should be plented in shade as our hot sun at times, burns well in shade. Likes a jot of water.

PRICES. Large tub-grown plants, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen. Small pot-grown plants, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen.



Queen Palm (Cocos Plumosa)

DWARF FAN PALM. (Chamaerops Humilis). A hardy, drought resisting dwarf palm forming lovely globular clumps of leaves down to the ground. Splendid for lawn

PRICES. 1 to 11/2 ft., balled, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 doz. 2 to 3 ft., balled, 5.50 each, 55.00 doz.

THATCH PALM. (Thrinax Wendlandiana). A delightful, small palm with fan leaves divided into segments and specially suited to the porch or house.

PRICE. Nice small plants, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

KENTIA PALMS. (Kentia Fosterana or Belmoreiana). Only suited for house and porch or a very shady place. Most exquisite little palms, used by florists north for weddings, etc.

PRICES. Nice small potted plants, 20 to 24 inches high, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

SIAM DWARF PALM. (Phoenix Roebelenni). Probably the most lovely dwarf palm for interior decoration or partial shade. Has graceful recurved pinnate dark green fronds and thrives in the house.

PRICES. Nice small plants, \$1.50 each \$15.00 doz.



Chinese Fan Palm for House or Lawn.



Park Scene in Mercedes. Washington Robusta Palms. Planted about 7 years ago.

# Arbor Vitae

ARBOR VITAE. (Thuya). This class of trees are evergreen, of beautiful shape, will stand much drought and thrive. But they must be planted with care and given to you balled. Then, if, during summer, young plants have a small amount of water put close to the roots the top soil is so hot it turns the water into steam, the roots cook and the plant dies. If it is remembered to either



Arbor Vitae, Golden Pyramidal.

water at night or to put such a large quantity of water on that the ground temperature is lowered, they will thrive and are an ornament anywhere. All stand shearing well.

Arbor Vitaes are very searce this season and as they must be shipped with a ball of dirt, it is almost impossible to bring them into the Delta, save in carlots, at any reasonable cost. I bought three hundred last season and they were gone early in season, and this year I have trebled than number but it is highly probable they too will be sold during Januarys. So I advise early buying.

Another reason for early buying is that they thrive much better if planted in December and January; will do well in February but March and April plantings are risky. I do not plan to have any stock or sell any after February. Plants ready for delivery in December.

BERCKMAN'S DWARF GOLDEN. (Thuya Orientalis Aurea Mana). Compact, symmetrical with flattened branchlets, golden tipped, one of the handsomest dwarf trees grown. Stately in a border and lovely alone.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft., balled, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.
2 to 3 ft., balled, 3.00 each, 30.00 per dozen.

COMPACT GOLDEN ARBOR VITAE. (Biota Compacta Aurea). A handsome, upright grower with dense, compact, dark green foliage. Splendid for lawns, screens, hedges and massing.

PRICES. 2½ to 3 ft., \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen. 3 to 3½ ft., 3.50 each, 35.00 per dozen.

PYRAMIDALIS. Of upright columnar habit. Can be sheared in a cone or column. Has bright green cedar-like foliage. Very fine for stately, formal effect.

PRICES. 1½ to 2 ft., balled, \$2.50 each, \$35.00 per dozen.

5 to 4 ft., balled, 4.00 each, 4.00.0 per dozen.
4 to 5 ft., balled, 5.00 each, 50.00 per dozen.
6 to 8 ft., balled, 6.00 each, 6.00 per dozen.
7 to 9 ft., balled, 7.50 each, 75.00 per dozen.
Assortment No. 1: 0.00 each, 50.00 per dozen.
Lection, \$15.00 per dozen in pairs, my selection, \$15.00 per dozen.

Assortment No. 6: One dozen, in pairs, my selection, \$25.00.

#### Retinospora

GOLDEN PLUMED CYPRESS. (Retinosora Plumosa Aurea).

A wonderful Japanese tree with light green, golden tipped, thread-like foliage drooping down. Grows 15 to 20 feet high and very lovely.

PRICES. 1 to 1½ ft., \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen. 2 to 2½ ft., 3.00 each, 50.00 per dozen.

SHLVER CYPRESS. (R. Squarrosa Veitchii). Another delightful Japanese tree with heath-like, bluish-green foliage growing 15 to 20 feet high.

PRICES, 4 to 5 ft., \$6.00 each, \$60.00 per dozen.



Arbor Vitae, Dwarf Golden.



Italian Cypress.



A Stately Combination for Avenue. Washington or Tan Palm and Italian Cypress.



Arizona Cypress

# **Evergreen Trees**

ARIZONA CYPRESS. (Cupressus Arizonica). This stands drought and heat so well that I place this as the surest and most val-

well that I place this as the surest and most valuable evergreen tree for our section. A very regular and beautiful evergreen with lovely blue-green foliage distinctly lighter than most others and very lovely. Pyramidal in form.

Cypresses

PRICES. 1 to 1½ ft., from pots, 50c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$50.00 per 100.
1½ to 2 ft., balled, \$0.90 each, \$ 9.00 per dozen.

2 to 3 ft., balled, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen. 3 to 4 ft., balled, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen. 6 to 8 ft., balled, \$6.00 each, \$60.00 per dozen.

ITALIAN CYPRESS. (Cupressus Sempervirens), A tall, slender tree with erect branches and dark green, fine foliage. It has a columnar or pillar effect, very striking among other trees, at gateways or along avenues. See cut with palms.

PRICES. 1½ to 2 ft., from pots, 50c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$30.00 per 100.

2 to 3 ft., balled, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen. 4 to 5 ft., balled, \$3.50 each, \$35.00 per dozen. 8 to 10 ft., balled, \$7.00 each, \$70.00 per dozen. Cypresses, Cedars, Pines, Sequoias, Retinosporas, etc., etc.
Occasionally a man will say: "Do not plant evergreen trees in the South; they
belong in the North and go with cold weather."

It is true that some evergreens such as spruce, hemlock, firs, etc., grow only in cold climates; on the other hand, some, such as the arbor vitaes, have a very wide range and thrive in both kinds of climates, and others, such as the cypresses, belong almost wholly in the South as they will not stand northern winters. This is specially true of the Araucarias few of which will grow outside north of Houston and San Antonio.

As a rule, the difference between the northern and southern varieties is that the northern ones grow to be very large trees with rather loose foliage, making handsome trees at a distance and perhaps picturesque ones near-by, but often not being beautiful when past their youth.

The southern varieties generally have fine and close foliage, often with white and silvery tones, and they make beautiful contrasts with other foliage, and are lovely near-by. If I could only use two kinds of trees in the Rio Grande Delta I would take palms and evergreeis. These two contrasts so strongly in habit of growth, foliage and color as to combine in very handsome contrasts.

Often these trees can be sheared to keep in required shape and they will then get a very thick coating of foliage; in fact there are few evergreens which will not be benefited in looks by occasional light shearings.

Frequently people like them in pairs to go one on each side of a gateway or house entrance, and some, such as the Italian cypress are delightful for this purpose and for accentuating corners, borders, etc.

In making my selections, some few varieties have not been thoroughly tried out here but these have been strongly recommended to me by authorities on their growth. I strongly advise the planting of some of these beautiful trees and may add while prices are not as low as they were "before the war" when there was an overstock, they are much lower than they will be next year or the year after, when the smallness of present stock becomes evident.

#### Cedars

INCENSE CEDAR. (Libocedrus Decurrens). One of the finest specimen trees. Pyramidal in form with spreading branches clothed with glossy, bright green ferny foliage. The regularity of its growth makes it a great favorite. PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$3.50 each, \$35.00 per

#### Sequoias

REDWOOD. (Sequoia Sempervirens). It is claimed in California that this is the most valuable tree there for beauty and utility. It succeeds where soil is not too dry and winds not too severe, so should be planted with us in a protected place. Pyramidal, leaves dark green and fine. Very beautiful by Itself or with other trees. PHIEES. 30 of ft, balled, 55.00 each, \$5.00.0 per place is the process of the proces

CALIFORNIA BIG TREE. (Sequoia Gigantea).

Same as Redwood but growth denser and bluer and perhaps more spreading. Needs protected situation.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft., balled, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.



Bunya Bunya Pine,

Pines are one of the most important and picturesque of trees. They are usually tall with spreading branches, forming a pyramidal or rounded top and becoming very picturesque with age. They show up handsomely planted with other trees. I have tried many northern pines but they do not thrive here. The Beeftwood tree does not botanically belong to the pines but it is so close to them in looks that it is put first here. The others are California varieties which have thrived so well in locations similar to ours, that it seems they should do well in the Rio Grande Delta.

AUSTRALIAN PINE. (Casaurina Stricta). Also called Eeefwood Tree. This tree comes from Australia, has fine, long needles like a pine, grows rapidly, stands heat and drought remarkably, and I think will stand our winters which its sister, the Casaurina Equisitifolia does not. It is remarkably handsome.

PRICE. 3 to 4 ft., in gallon cans, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per doz.

ALEPPO PINE. (Pinus Halepensis). This comes from western Asia, grows 60 feet high, is a rapid grower with dense, blue-green foliage.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

# PINES

CANARY PINE. (Pinus Canariensis). Another very rapid growing and lovely tree with slender, spreading and pendulous, dark green foliage. If it thrives as well as the palm coming from the same Canary Islands, it should do well here.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.
6 to 8 ft., balled, \$4.50 each, \$45.00 per dozen.

FTALIAN STONE PINE. (Pinus Pinea). This most beautiful tree is one of the features of the landscape in southern Europe. Its leaves are long, stiff, bright green and branches spreading, usually clustering at

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

TORREY'S PINE. (Pinus Torreyana). Another beautiful pine grown in southern California with spreading branches and dark green, erect foliage.

PRICE, 5 to 6 ft., balled, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

#### Araucarias

BUNYA BUNYA PINE. (Araucaria Bidwillii). A magnificent tree; not a true pine but often

classed as such. Its branches grow in regular whorls and are closely set with deep green leaves, making it one of the handsomest of trees for lawns or parks. Needs some protection in summer from our hot winds and plenty of water.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen. 3 to 4 ft., balled, \$3.50 each, \$35.00 per dozen. 6 to 8 ft., balled, \$18.00 each.

CUNNINGHAM'S PINE. (Araucaria Cunninghami). This also is not a true pine but looks like an extremely regular and very lovely one and has the same characteristics as preceding.

PRICES. 4 to 5 ft., balled, \$4.50 each, \$45.00 per dozen.

#### Junipers

RED CEDAR. (Juniperus Virginiana). A sturdy, thrifty, strong-growing cedar doing well here. Handsome if left to grow naturally, but can easily be sheared into formal shapes.

PRICES. 3 to 4 ft., \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.
4 to 5 ft., \$4.00 each, \$40.00 per dozen.

JAPANESE JUNIPER. (Juniperus Japonica). A beautiful tree of compact, pyramidal growth with bright green foliage and grows 15 to 20 feet high. PRICES. 4 to 5 ft., \$4.00 each. \$40.00 per dozen.

5 to 7 ft., \$5.00 each, \$50.00 per dozen.

GREEK JUNIPER. (Juniperus Excelsa). A very ornamental conical tree, well branched and densely clothed with grayish green foliage. A distinct species of great beauty.

PRICES. 1½ to 2 ft., balled, \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

IRISH JUNIPER. (Juniperus Hibernica). An erect, columnar tree with dense bluish-green foliage. Handsome for formal garden. PRICES. 3 to 4 ft., balled, \$4.00 each, \$40.00 per dozen.

BERMUDA JUNIPER. (Juniperus Permudiana). Of more spreading habit but with the lovely blue-green foliage, dense and fine. PRICE. 5 to 6 ft., balled, \$4.00 each, \$40.00 per dozen.

TRAILING JUNIPER. (Juniperus Chinensis Procumbens). A low-growing, prostrate shrub not growing more than 2 feet high and very handsome with its dark green foliage where low height is needed.

PRICES. 1½ to 2 ft., balled, \$5.00 each, \$5.00 per dozen.



Irish Juniper.

Leaf of Silky Oak.

TEAS WEEPING MULBERRY. (Morus Pendula). A very graceful, weeping tree with long slender branches drooping to the ground. Delightful for park, cemetery or lawn planting. Easily

PRICES. Heads, 4 to 6 ft., 2-year trees, each \$1.75, dozen \$17.50.
MULBERRY TREES. (Morus Alba or Tatarica). Very

rapid growing, wide spreading trees. Leaves food for silk worms. Saps soil for some distance around.

PRICES. Are the same as quoted for Umbrella Trees.

AUSTRALIAN SILKY OAK or FERN TREE. (Grevillea
Robusta).

Probably the best all-around shade tree for our section, Quick-growing, large, splendid, with lovely fern-like leaves, very graceful. When young will not stand our hardest freezes, but does when two or three years old. PRICES, 2 to 5 ft. pot-grown trees, 90c each, 89.00 per does. 880.00 per 100.

4 to 5 ft., \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

ARIZONA ASH. (Fraxinus Velutina), I made a trial and planting of some of these recently and they answer well the description of a very rapid growing and desirable tree for planting in arid sections. They are recommended for alkaline soils. Should be a good wind-break tree.

PRICES, 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen,

BOTTLE TREE. (Sterculia Diversifolia). An Australian tree which is widely planted in California and which has done well with me. Rapid grower, pretty light green foliage, hardy. It gets its name from the spreading of the trunk at the base like a bottle. It break tree, as well as a good avenue tree.

PRICES. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen, \$100.00 per 100.

# Shade Trees

In this land of brilliant sunshine and because an arid, irrigated country, of stunted trees with open and scanty foliage, the northern white man needs thade trees around his home. He needs it for the rest to the eye looking on green foliage, and for the coolness of the shade. And the woman needs it more than the man.

And you can quickly grow shade trees; the few pictures here are taken from those actually growing. La Granja farm is embowered in shade trees and ten years ago it was cactus and mesquite. Plant.

UMBRELLA CHINA TREE. (Melia Azedarach Umbraculiformis).

a native of Texas. A splendid shade tree of beautiful rounded growth and giving a dense shade. Very rapid in growth but subject to root rot and dieing, but probably the best shade tree for immediate effect.

Last season I thought I had more Umbrella Trees than I could

Last season I thought I had more constant rees than I could possibly sell in 500 trees, but they were sold out by February 1st and I now have two thousand growing at La Granja and have bought some few large ones. But the demand has so increased that these will probably be gone early in season, and while they last the prices will be as below; after that only as obtainable and usually parties will have to pay express and packing charges of 30c to \$1.00 per tree extra.

												Each	Dozen	
PRICES.	5	to	6	ft	 	 			 	 		. \$0.60	\$6.00	\$40.00
	6	to	8	ft					 			75	7.50	60.00
	G	10	11	9 ft								. 1.50	15.00	

EIGUSTRUM APONICUM. This tree, if trained, grows to be one of the most beautiful shade trees of this section. It is bright green winter and summer with black berries at Christmas. Immense trees can be seen in the plaza at 8an Antonio and in the Capitol Drive at Austin, and it has been extensively planted on the streets of 8an Benito. Rather slow-growing, but hardy and

PRICES. 3 to 4 ft., balled and tree form, \$1.20 each, \$12.00 per dozen,

5 to 6 ft., balled and tree form, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.



Twin Umbrella Trees at La Granja, 6 Years Old.



Teas Weeping Mulberry.

POPINAC. (Acacia Farnesiana). A much branching shrub which by proper pruning can be made into a delightful tree. Thrives splendidly here. Has delicate, bi-pinnate, grey-green leaves, small thorns and compact balls of fragrant golden-vellow flowers.

ROTAMA. (Parkinsonia Aculeata). This most unusual tree has leaves half inch wide and foot or more long, and is covered with lovely golden-yellow flowers in spring. Its growth is very rapid and it is so striking a tree it should be widely planted.

PRICES. Good strong trees 90c each, \$9.00 per dozen, \$65.00 per 100.

LOCUST PINK. (Robinia Viscosa). A quick-growing de-

ciduous tree with light green pinnate leaves; stems dark red. Blooms in summer with dense clusters pink flowers.

LOCUST EVER-FLOWERING. (Robina Semperflorens). Same, but it flowers

from June to September.

PKICES, 5 to 8 ft. tree, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

IRONWOOD.

(Lyonthamnus Floribunda). One of the sturdiest and most valuable shade and avenue trees for this section as it will stand heat, drought and is pretty.

PRICES. 2 ft. plants, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.
CURLY WILLOW. (Sallx Bablonica Peudula). Just a
weeping willow with the leaves curled
tight instead of flat, giving it a lovely effect. Likes

water. PRICES. 2 ft. plants, \$2.00 each. \$20.00 per dozen.

PEPPER TREE. (Schinus Molle). This tree, planted all over California, has similar beautiful pinnate foliage to our mesquite, but it grows quicker and much larger.

PRICES. 5 to 4 ft., \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Assortment No. 1. My selection of dozen, \$9.00.

Assortment No. 2. My selection of half dozen, \$5.00.



Flower Red Tavasheen.

There is such a great variety of flowering trees which thrive here that I advise liberal plants. They are almost without exception exceedingly lovely for foliage alone and when in bloom most are strikingly beautiful. Massed thick, they make charming screens for a kitchen garden or service vard.

FLOWERING WILLOW. (Chilopsis Linearis). Not a true willow but looks like one till it blossoms out with its lacey flowers, when the whole tree becomes one big bouquet. Dwarf growing 12 to 15 feet high. LAVENDER TREE. (Vitex Agnus Castus). A delightful dwarf tree with lavender colored flowers with the pungent lavender odor.

PRICES. Strong little plants 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen. 2 to 3 ft. plants \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

RED TAVASHEEN. (Caesalpina Pulcherrima). A very rapid growing and most lovely dwarf tree with soft, pinnate foliage and most gorgeous red flowers in August and on. Tender and will be frozen back by 28 degrees, but comes up rapidly from roots. Flowers first year, YELLOW TAVASHEEN. (Caesalpina P. Flava). Same as above save flowers are a rich nankin yellow and bloom earlier. Hardy.

BIRD OF PARIDISE TREE. (Poinciana Gilliesii). Smaller, with duller foliage, and completely hardy here and gorgeous spikes, vermilion and gold flowers.

SESBANIA TREE. (Sesbania Punica). Closely allied to the Tavasheens but completely hardy. Dwarf, rarely over 7 feet high. Very quick growth with compound, delicate green leaves and flowers of wonderful shades of wahogany red borne in drooping racemes during summer and fall.

PRICES. Strong, little plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen. A few large ones, \$1.50 each.

# Flowering Trees

AUSTRALIAN TEA TREE. (Leptospermum Laevigatum). A spreading shrub or small tree with small, shining leaves and numerous white flowers. Grows quickly and easily and lovely anywhere. PRICES. 3 to 4 ft. plants, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen. CATALINA CHERRY. (Prunus Integrifolia). Evergreen wild

flowers in spring. One of the most beautiful of the California native dwarf trees.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.



Flower White Flowering Willow.

PURPLE-LEAF PLUM. (Prunus Pissardi). The leaves on this lovely dwarf tree are a deep purple or crimson, making a strong contrast with other foliage. PRICES. 4 to 6 ft. plants, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

CRIMSON FLOWERED EUCALYPTUS. (E. Fictiolia). Small tree with dark bark and thick, long leaves and clusters of intense certise red flowers which are so handsome they are sold by florists in Los Angeles. Trees love heat, will stand drought, but not much

PRICES. 2 to 5 ft. trees, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

MEXICAN ORANGE. (Cholsya Ternata). A lovely dwarf tree growing 6 feet high, fragrant, glossy green leaves and an abundance of snow-white fragrant flowers.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

GLORY OF ITALY. (Hakea Laurina). A wonderful beautiful tall shrub or dwarf tree with long narrow leaves and quantities of crimson flowers with prominent yellow styles. Extensively planted in northern Italy. PRICES. 5 to 4 ft. plants, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

MIMOSA TREE, (Jacaranda Mimosacfolia). One of the loveliest trees for protected plantings. Its leaves are like exquisite ferns. The tree is symmetrical and elegant. In May it bears large clusters of mauve-blue flowers, which make the tree a cloud of blue. Stands trimming

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen. Assortment No. 3. My selection of a half dozen assorted, \$6. Assortment No. 4. My selection of a dozen assorted, \$10.00.

#### Acacias

These are among the most strikingly beautiful evergreen flowering trees and are grown all over California. Some will not grow in Rio Grande Delta, but I have brought in a few of the most promising.

BAILEYANA. Feathery blue-green foliage and in spring long sprays of lemon-yellow flowers followed by purple seed-pods. A most striking tree. PRICES, 5 to 6 ft. plants, \$1.59 each, \$15.90 per dozen.

KNIFE BLADE. (Cultriformis). Dwarf with bluish triangular leaves, and bright yellow flower. Very striking with dark foliage.
PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. plants, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

LATIFOLIA. Spreading habit, lance-shaped leaves, yellow

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. plants, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.
5 to 7 ft. plants, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

PODALYRIAEFOLIA. Round leafed, silver acacia with grey leaves and long racemes of yellow flowers; very beautiful and distinct.

PRICES. 5 to 7 ft. plants, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

PRAVISSIMA. Fair sized tree with drooping branchlets covered with short, light blue-green leaves and a mass of golden-vellow flowers. Lovelv mixed with other

PRICES. 5 to 7 ft. plants, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

ACACIA VERTICILLATA. A spreading shrub or small tree with short, deep-green, needle-like leaves in whorls. Flowers small and numerous. PRICES. 2 ft. plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

MORETON RUBBER TREE. (Picus Macrophylla). This is a rubber plant coming from Australia, very similar to the regular rubber tree but it is said to be the hardlest of its species and is used in Australia as a street tree. PRICES. 6 to 8 ft. trees, \$3.50 each, \$35.00 per dozen.

ST. JOHN or CAROB TREE. (Ceratonia Siliqua). A most beautiful tree with shining green leaves but needs protection from our worst frosts. Grows 40 feet high and bears pods filled with nutritious, sweetish pulp often fed cattle.

PRICES. 4 to 5 ft. trees, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

Grafted trees, \$5.00 each.

#### Dragon Trees



Dragon Trees in front San Diego Fair Palace.

DRAGON TREE. (Dracena Indivisa). A handsome plant with long narrow leaves in a round clump at top and when planted in open ground a trunk three to ten inches thick; very decorative, Allied to palms.

PRICES. 1½ to 2 ft., balled, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.
5 to 6 ft., balled, \$7.50 each, \$75.00 per dozen.

#### Banana Plants

An ornamental plant with broad leaves which thrives in hot weather if it has plenty of water. After frostless winters, it will bear from two to seven hands of fruit on a bunch. But cannot be grown here for fruit.

ORINOCO. Or Horse Banana. A thrifty variety with fruit fine for cooking. Suckers, 2 to 3 ft., 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$20.00 per 100. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen, \$65.00 per 100.

LADY-FINGER Banana. A delicious small fruit variety, rather rare. Suckers, 2 to 5 ft., \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per lozen.

# Bamboo

These, after the palm, are distinctly tropical and handsome in massed effects at a distance. They make admirable windbreaks.

SILVER BAMBOO. This grows about 35 feet high and is admirable for windbreaks.

FISHING ROD BAMBOO. (Arundo

A beautiful reed growing 12 to 15 feet with feathery plumes in fall. Its stalks make fine canes for tieing plants to

PRICES. Single rooted canes or roots
25c each, \$2.00 per dozen,

Small clumps, 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen, \$30.00 per 100.



Fishing Rod Bamboo.



Silver Bamboo

FALCATA. A dwarf species growing about 12 feet high with delicately frilled leaves, very graceful. Good for a house plant.

DISTICHA. Another dwarf variety; very graceful. PRICES. Small clumps. 75c each.

PRICES. Small clumps, 75c e \$7.50 per dozen.



Giant Bamboo.



Giant Bamboo at World's Fair.

GIANT. (Dendro Calamus). Grows unusually tall and with water very rapidly. Tender.

PRICE. Clump, \$5.00 each.

AGAVE. This stately, stiff-leaved architectural plant, grows splendidly here and has a most tropical effect when mixed with other plants.

MEXICANA. This variety has blue-green leaves and grows large.

YARIAGATA. Leaves beautifully striped with cream. Plants are

paturally smaller than other varieties.

PRICES. From \$1.00 to \$5.00, according to size.

# HEDGES

Around almost every residence there is need somewhere for a hedge. Omit the fence in front and put in a low hedge to mark where private properly begins. Between your neighbors, plant a low hedge, marking a division, but not making one. Here is the service part of the grounds or a kitchen garden; put a rather tall hedge between it and the front, shutting it out from sight.

Any plant which grows with fair regularity can be used for a hedge but those which naturally grow the right height and are very regular in their habit of growth or which can be sheared are much better suited to a hedge.

Many northern plants suited there for hedges are failures here due to their non-adaptability to our high soil temperatures or to their being surface rooted and hence dried out by a slight failure to furnish water, or some other reason.

Thus the privets are failures here unless cared for most carefully and continually.

The following list is only partial. It is prepared with priced plants first, and then the lowest hedges first, and then rising higher. Many of the plants are listed elsewhere and after their adaptability for hedges is pointed out, a reference is made to the fuller description.

Alba). A

40c each, \$4.50

DAWN BUSH. (Phyllanthus Nivosus var roseo-pictus). This is one of the lovliest of lovely little bushes with loose, wiry branches and compound leaves mottled with white and pink, the colors of the dawn. It grows only 2 to 21/2 feet high and a hedge of it is one of the daintiest things you have ever seen. It is rather tender and will need banking like the hibiscus for winter.



Hibiscus Makes a Splendid Flowering Hedge,

HEDGE HONEYSUCKLE. (Lonicera Nitida). A beautiful shrub with small, long leaves almost needle-like and growing very dense. Flowers white followed by purple berries. Grows 2 to 3 feet high. Stands frost. Evergreen,

PRICES. Nice small plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

AUSTRALIAN HEDGE. (Grevillea Thelimanniana). A delightful spreading shrub with pinnate foliage like a fir or juniper but a soft yellow green: Stands shearing well. Grows 2 to 4 feet. Flowers deep red. Stands down to 24 degrees but should be banked for winter and then will come up from roots.

PRICES, Potted plants, 1% to 2 ft, high, 90c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

AUSTRALIAN BUSH CHERRY, (Eugenia Myrtifolia), Leaves bright and glossy green, young growth reddish. Flowers white and fruit 1 inch long, red and used for jellies. Stands shearing and frost well. Grows into a small tree but for hedges can be kept cut back. PRICES. Nice small plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

HOLLY CHERRY. (Prunus Ilicifolia). A small tree or shrub with stiff, dark green; holly-like leaves and upright panicles of white flowers and dark purple fruit. Evergreen, hardy. Grows 4 to 6 feet high. Coates claims it makes finest hedge in Southern California.

PRICES. Nice small plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

ROMAN MYRTLE. (Myrtus Microphylla). A dense growing low shrub with small, glossy, fragrant leaves and white flowers. Hardy. Grows 2 to 4 feet, Stands shearing.

PRICES. Nice small plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen \$35.00 per 100.

LION'S TAIL. (Leonotis Leonurus). A quick growing, rather tender shrub from South Africa. It grows 3 to 6 feet high with hairy stems, soft foliage and queer. heavy tufted spikes of orange flowers. Very curious and interesting. Would need slight banking in winter.

PRICES. Small plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per

2 to 3 ft., field grown plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per 100.

# HEDGES

Flowering Hedges



Hedge of Sheared Turk's Can is Always Good.

CAROLINA LAUREL, (Laurocerasus Caroliniana). A broadleaved evergreen shrub with firm, dark, whose green foliage It has numerous recemes of small frogrant flowers followed by greenish-black fruit. It grows 4 to 6 feet high and stands shearing well. Not at all tender.

PRICES, Pot-grown plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

SEVERINA. (Buxifolia). A very handsome dwarf shrub related to the orange and of great value for hedges. It has beautiful dark green foliage of compact growth with glossy black berries Grows 5 to 6 feet and can be sheared Stands frost.

PRICES. Pot-grown plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00

Few 2 to 3 ft, plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per 100. LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM. This is a cousin of the L. Japonica.

the fine shade tree and possesses all its characteristics save that it does not grow more than 6 feet high. Glossy, compact, dark green foliage which can be sheared and is evergreen. Absolutely hardy.

PRICES. Small plants, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$45.00 per 100. 2 to 3 ft, field-grown plants, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen, \$65.00 per 100.

# Fruiting Hedges

CARISSA. (Carandas). This grows 2 to 3 feet high and with its glossy, evergreen foliage, white flowers and red fruit, makes a lovely low hedge. See page 27 for description and prices.

POMEGRANATES. With their cheerful light green foliage and brilliant flowers and quick growth, these make admirable hedges. The dwarf growing only 2 feet high, is admirable for a low hedge, but the fruiting can be made into a 6 foot high hedge. Stands cold and shearing. See Page 27 and prices.

FEIJOAS. These have white leaves and sturdy growth and make a fine 6 foot hedge and in spring when covered with flowers they are wonderful. Hardy and stand shearing. See Page 28 for description and prices.

GUAVAS. The Cattley Gauva with its glossy leaves makes a fine low hedge, growing not over 21/2 feet high and the Lemon Guava makes a fine tall hedge. Both will need winter protection. See Page 27 for description and prices.

HIRISCUS. These grow 4 to 6 feet high but can be kent trimmed to any height wished and with their sturdy bright green foliage would be handsome as a bedge, but when the flowers come they are simply superb. See Page 17 for description and prices

TURK'S CAP. This cousin to the Hibiscus also makes a wonderfully bright hedge with its multitude of scarlet flowers. It too can be trimmed the height wanted but naturally grows 4 to 5 feet high. See page 17 for description and prices



Carolina Laurel Makes a Delightful Hedge.

BUTTERFLY BUSH. This delightful flowering shrub grows so uniformly that it makes a fine hedge from 2 to 6 feet high. See Page 19 for description and prices.

CANNAS. Come in heights running from 2 feet to 8 feet and grow with great regularity. Particularly do the bronze leaved cannas make a striking hedge. See picture on Page 18 and same page for prices.

CRAPE MYRTLE. This is another plant making a superb hedge and it can be trimmed to the height wanted. I have them 7 and 8 feet high and when trimmed they flower luxuriantly. See Page 17 for description and prices.

OLEANDER. These grow so luxuriantly that they make a fine hedge or screen from 6 to 12 feet high. See Page 16 for description and prices.

#### Foliage Hedges

ARBOR VITAE. The dwarf for a low and the regular for a high hedge cannot be surpaged See Page 8 for description and prices

PITTOSPORIM The different variaties of these make beautiful evergreen bedges from 3 to 8 feet high See Page 17 for description and prices

EUNONYMUS. These also make lovely hedges but will require more care. Grow from 3 to 8 feet. See Page 16 for description and prices,

CYPRESS. For a tall hedge or screen nothing can surpass the lovely Arizona and stately Italian Cypresses. They can also be used to accentuate corners and entrances in a lower growing hedge. See Page 9 for description and prices.

BAMBOO. There are some places where a row of hamboo with their feathery foliage is just right. See Page 13 for description and prices.



Hedge of Dawn Bush is Very Lovely.



Turk's Cap.

TURK'S CAP. (Malvaviscus Arboreus). Soft, three lobed leaves growing 3 to 5 feet high and drooping brilliant scarlet flowers all summer. One of the best plants for a border or hedge and lovely by single specimen. PRICES. Same as Hibiscus.

#### Pittosporum

Evergreen shrubs from Japan with bright green foliage and doing well here.

EUGENOIDES. Very green foliage and small leaf. Grows

3 to 6 feet high.

PRICE, 1 ft. plants, 90c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

VICTORIA BOX or Undulatum. Leaves large, wavy, dark green. Flowers numerous, white and fragrant at night. Beautiful for lawy.

PRICES. 1 ft. plants, 90c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

2 to 5 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

TOBIRA. Low growing, spreading and dark green leaves.
White flowers in winter.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants, 90c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

TOBIRA VARIEGATA. Same but leaves are white and green. PRICES. 1 ft. plants, 90c each, \$9.00 per dozen.

2 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.
3 ft. plants, \$3.50 each, \$35.00 per dozen.
MELALEUCA. (Hypericifolia). Large shrub with long, nar-

WELALEUCA. (Hypericifolia). Large shrub with long, narrow, bright green leaves and red flowers.

Very handsome.

PRICES. 2 ft. plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.
SCOTCH BROOM. (Genista Canariensis). A free flowering

of bright, yellow flowers. Hardy. Fine for hedge or group

PRICES. Small plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

OREGON GRAPE. (Gerberis Aquifolium). The regular Barberry will not stand our summers but I am told this will. It is a beautiful low-growing shrub with dark green leaves tinted red in winter. Has small yellow flowers followed by deep blue berries.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.
RICE PAPER PLANT. (Aralia Papyrifera). A tropical
small tree with large, deep-lobed

leaves. Easily grown but tender. Needs protection in winter.

Very effective with other plants.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

# SHRUBS



Single Scarlet Hibiscus Grown at La Granja.

HIBISCUS. (Rosa-Sinensis). The first time I saw the gorgeous red hibiscus in bloom was in Matamoros ten years ago. Its beauty was so striking, I called at the house to find what it was. I now have eight or ten varieties flowering close to our living plazza that I may enjoy their wonderful colors.

It is our best flowering shrub. Rapid grower, flowers quickly and freely in full sun. If cut by frost it comes quickly from the roots if they have had a little dirt heaped around them, and soon begins flowering again. It comes in single and double and various shades of rose, red, orange fine hedge, and some have flowers 6 inches across. Makes at

SINGLE RED. (Giganteus). Enormous flowers of glowing scarlet.

SINGLE PINK. (Carminiatus). A rich, cerise pink.

TWO COLOR. (Versicolor). Bright scarlet, shading to deep carmine in center.

DOUBLE PEACHBLOW. Very double and a delicate light rose shade.

DOUBLE RED. (Pubps) Smaller flower but a grandoutul

DOUBLE RED. (Rubra). Smaller flower but a wonderful glowing double red.

**DOUBLE YELLOW.** (Collerii). Double yellow with maroon center.

**DOUBLE ORANGE.** (Aurantica). Double orange flowers. It is not always easy to keep all varieties, but if the exact variety you want is not in stock, we will substitute one equally fine.

PRICES. Small pot-grown plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

2-year field-grown plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per 100.

per 100.

Assortment No. 25. A dozen of my selection, no three alike, and some large, \$4.50.

By knowing sufficiently in advance, I can secure ten or a dozen more very new and choice varieties at \$6.00 to \$10.00 per dozen.



CRAPE MYRTLE. (Lagerstroemia Indica). This beautiful shrub from India has soft

yellow-green foliage, bears three or four crops of great panicles of lacy flowers. It is the lilac of the South. Fine for hedges, low windbreaks or massed with other shrubs or in single specimens. Can be trained as a dwarf tree. At La Granja they grow 8 to 10 feet high. Four colors:

PINK. A delicate, light delightful color.

CARMINE. A rich deep red. PURPLE. Rich, royal purple flower.

WHITE. Pure untinged white, very large clusters. PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. high, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$40.00

per 100. 3 to 4 ft. high, each 75c, \$7.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per 100.



Double Peach Blow Hibiscus, Grown at La Granaj.

#### Oleanders

(Nerium). Everywhere in the Delta Oleanders have done well. If given plenty of water they grow 12 to 15 feet high and at times are a mass of lovely flowers, and some varieties blossom all the time. Their foliage is sturdy, deep green. They are very effective in clumps or as a hedge or medium wind-break and if trained as dwarf trees, they are lovely

From a score or more, I have tested out and selected the

DOUBLE WHITE. (Madonna Grandiflora). Flowers large, double white, fragrant. Plant strong grower and very floriferous and stands cold better than any other in my experience.

PINK. (Splendens or Rosca). Flowers large, double rosy pink born in heavy trusses. Very floriferous.

DOUBLE YELLOW. (Lutea). Double primrose yellow flowers, fragrant.

RED. (Rubra). Deep or crimson-red flowers.

PRICES. Small, pot-grown plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

The Double White and Double Pink in 3 to 4 ft. tree trained plants. \$1.00 cach, \$10.00 per dozen, \$70.00 per 100.

CARNEUM. Flesh-colored flowers with pink lines, very dainty.

ATROPURPUREUM. The deepest red of any; single and

glowing.

MRS. GEORGE ROEDING. Superb double salmon pink with vellow center.

MME. SAILUT. Semi-double; rosy carmine, striped white.

DOUBLE SALMON PINK. A most exquisite shade; just enough yellow to give the pink a

These and some other fine varieties, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

#### Escallonias

Wonderfully beautiful, compact shrubs, growing 3 to 8 feet high with dark glossy foliage. Fine for massing or hedge or single specimens. Hardy.

ALBA. White flowers borne in terminal panicles.

INGRAMI. Crimson flowers. New and very fine.

ROSEA. Pink flowers. Lovely and dainty.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants. \$1.25 each. \$12.50 per dozen.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

ABELIA. (A. Grandiflora). A pretty shrub with arching branches and quantities of small rose-colored flowers nearly every month in year. Hardy. Stands full sun.

PRICES. 8 to 12 inch plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen. 3 to 4 ft. plants, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

CALIFORNIA MYRTLE. (Ceanotus Arboreus). A large upright shrub or small tree with dark glossy foliage and sky blue flowers in large panicles. Very beautiful.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

SOUTHERN LILAC. (Persica Lanciatus). Most lilacs will not do well with us but I am assured this flourishes in hot weather. It has slender dark green leaves and lilac flowers.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

# SHRUBS



Pampas Grass.

#### Euonymus

Most useful ornamental shrubs with glossy foliage and of easy culture. Evergreen.

WHITE BORDERED. (Albo Marginatus). The leaves have a narrow margin of silvery white.

PRICES. 1½ ft. plants, balled, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

SH.VERY BORDERED. (Argentia Variegata). Leaves edged and marked with silver; of upright growth.

PRICES. 3 to 4 ft. plants, balled, \$3.50 each, \$35.00 per doz.

GOLDEN VARIEGATED. (Aurea Marginata). Dwarf and compact growth, Leaves bright green with golden border.

PRICES. 1 ft. plants, balled, \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.
2 ft. plants, balled, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per dozen.

#### Grasses

PAMPAS GRASS. (Gynerium Argentum or Cortaderia Selloana). An Immense grass, growing 5 and 6 feet high and in clumps 3 feet in diameter and sending up in fall great feathery plumes often 2 feet long. Very ornamental.

Silver, plumes a silvery buff, small clumps 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen.

Pink-Plumes a silvery pink, small clumps \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

UMBRELLA GRASS. (Cyperus Alternifolia). Looks like a small palm and if given plenty of water will grow here 5 or 6 feet high and beautiful for plantling as a border and mixing with other plants.

PRICES. Strong roots, 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen, \$15.00 per 100.

ZEBRA GRASS. (Eulalia Japonica Zebrina). The long blades of this grass are banded with yellow making it a striking object in a lawn.

PRICES. Per small clump, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen.

NEW ZEALAND FLAX. (Phormium Tenax). A very handsome contrast plant in a group or for porch, with long sword-like leaves. Grows 5 to 6 feet high. Hardy.

PRICES. Small clumps, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen. Large clumps, \$5.00 cach, \$30.00 per dozen.

#### Border and Cover Plants

EUROPEAN HEATH. (Erica Carnea). A low-growing shrub of striking form. One foot high. Densely covered with minute, needle-like leaves bearing small rosy flowers.

PRICES. Pot-grown plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

HEATH PRES FAURE. (Erica Faure). A new variety, exquisitely beautiful with larger flowers of delicate pink and continually blossoming.

PRICES. Small plants, 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen.

BREATH OF HEAVEN. (Diosma Alba). A delightful small white flowers. Fine for a border or for porch.

HEAVEN'S ODOR. (Diosma Fragrans). Same, but more fragrant.
PRICES. For both, 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen.

BLUE BORDER. (Plumbago Larpenta). A dwarf plant only 6 inches high and continually covered with delightful blue flowers. Fine for a border or ground cover. PRICES. Small plants, 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen.

TRAILING LANTANA. A variety with constant purple flowers which covers ground or trails down from window boxes.

PRICES. 40 each, \$4.00 per dozen.

CHINESE GROUND COVER. (Cotoneaster Horizontalis). A low, much branching shrub with small leaves, pinkish white flowers and red berries. Its trailing habit makes it fine for a ground cover.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. strong plants, \$1.25 each, \$12.00 per doz-

# **CANNAS**



Canna Indiana.



Canna Bed, Mrs. A. F. Conard.

For single tubers, take a tenth of a dozen price,

No flowering plant will give so much bloom for so little care as the canna. Few know the wonderful new varieties with flowers like orchids and of great size and beauty. For the last two years I have sold over a hundred thousand in the Northern market and have tested out over two hundred varieties and have close to a quarter million growing at La Granja. A full bulb catalog will be sent on request; here I make a selection of a few of the best varieties at medium prices. Banked they make a fine hedge and screen.



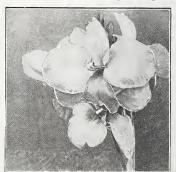
Cannas Wyoming and Hungaria.



Canna Eureka.

				Pr	ice
Leaf T	Hei	eh:	t Flower Name	Per Dz.	Per 100
Green.	5	ft	Glorious bright red Prince Wied	. \$1.75	\$ 8.50
di celi,	4	11	Deep, glowing red Jean Tissott	44	- 66
**	4	4.6	Bright canary yellow		4.6
44	- 5	6.6	Strong orange		4.4
**	4	64	Scarlet and gold		65
- 11	2	11	Small white		4.6
**	9		Deep wine red		61
	4		Immense scarlet	1 75	10.00
Bronze,	. 5		Red with gold edgingBrandywine	. 1.10	10.00
	4		Large straw yellow		64
Green,	9		Gold with ruby throat		
	4		Gold with ruby throat		44
	3	**	Orange and gold		
4.4	4	**	Cream, almost white		
6.6	4	**	Soft pink West Grove		
61	5	**	Largest flower, red W. Colossal	. 3.00	20.00
4.6	5	**	Immense yellow and red Queen Helen		
* *	4	44	Immense gold and rose	. "	
1.4	4	**	Large white, lovely Eureka		16
6.6	3	11	Lovely blue pink		4.1
6.6	3	4.6	Immense cerise pink	, "	**
4.4	3	6.6	Soft salmon rose	, 11	4.4
1.0	4	4.6	Immense white dotted pink	4.50	30.00
	4	6.6	Lovely shell pink City of Portland	, 11	14

		7 feet bed, 1 Flambeau 6 feet, and 7 Italia
		12 Mme, Crozy 2½ feet
		My selection, 3 of each of 4 varieties
Assortment No.	13.	My selection, 50 cannas of 6 varieties



Canna Niemen, Grown at La Granja.

# Flowers That Grow in Rio Grande

# Periwinkles

PRICES. Strong plants \$1.25 each.

dozen \$25.00 per 100

A valuable border plant with glossy oblong leaves and soft pink and white flowers. It thrives anywhere and blooms all summer being one of the best plants for a gay border WHITE. (Alba). Solid white or with red edge. PINK. (Rosea). Light pink, verging almost to purple. PRICES, Strong field-grown plants, 35c each, \$3,50 per

Ferns

Do not expect regular forms which love cool moist places to thrive, here. They may be kent alive on a sheltered niazza But there are two varieties of Asparagus which are often called ferns and which thrive in full sun and are delicate and lovely

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSA. If there is a better plant for table decoration and bouquets I do not know of it. The foliage is more delicate than that of the finest fern, being lace-like in its filminess. It can be grown as an exquisite small vine or if cut back, it becomes bushy,

Will stand artesian water and sun. ASPARAGUS SPRENGERI. (Crystal Feather). Coarser and stronger in texture, also a brighter, vellow green; this is wonderfully effective. Fine

for plazza boxes as it droops over beautifully. PRICES. Home-grown sturdy plants, small plants 49c each \$4.50 per dozen; extra large, 75c each, \$7.50 per

dozen. HOLLY FERNS. One of the hardiest ferns suitable for porch or shady places.



These trail on the ground or droop over and down when planted in a window box or jardiniere. Among the best of these is the Crystal Feather (Asparagus Sprengeri), listed elsewhere. Among the others are:

VINCA. (V. Major). A trailing plant with blue flowers: very useful for hanging baskets and border. PRICES. Small plants, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per

100 TRAILING LANTANIA. (L. Sellowiana). A lovely trailing plant with constant purple flowers. FELICIA. (F. Petiolata). A lovely trailing plant with soft green leaves and pink flowers

DADAELACANTHUS, (D. Nervosus). Another lovely trailing plant with silver stained leaves PRICES on all three, small plants, 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen,

**Butterfly Bush** 

(Buddleia Variabilis Magnifica). A recent introduction from Europe which has grown splendidly and flowered continually here. A pretty bush growing 3 to 4 feet high and covered all the time with 5 and 6 inch long racemes of lilac flowers; very fragrant. These will last in the house a long time and it makes a fine cut flower. Plants do well planted in December to end of February, but later than that they do not get a good start.

PRICES. Small pot-grown plants, 49c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

2 year field-grown plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per 100. SUPERBA. Immense racemes of flowers, larger than Mag-

nifica, Good size plants \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen. ASIATICA. White flowers coming in winter, fragrant and drooping. Good sized plants \$1.00 each, \$10.00

per dozen. 4 to 5 ft. plants, \$3.00 each, \$30,00 per dozen. FALCERI. New and very handsome. 4 to 5 ft. plants, \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.



Butterfly Flower, Grown at La Grania

#### Lantanas

A gorgeous shrubby perennial with verbens-like flowers They thrive on any soil and will stand heat and drought. flowering in the hottest weather. They grow about 3 feet high and are fine for edging avenues as they grow well under trees. A fine orange flowering variety grows wild here. Some of the new shades are very handsome.

WHITE (Alba Perfecta) Flower a nure white plant dwarf PINK. (Juane d'Or). Flower silvery rose pink with cream center ORANGE, (M. Schmidt), Orange and yellow, Very gay,

Growth large. MAHOGANY, (Grand Sultan), A deep shade of mahogany

red Growth large

PRICES. Small plants. 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35,00 per 100, 2-year field-grown plants. 75c each. \$7.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per 100



Lantanas, Grown at La Grania.



(Plumbago Capensis). One of the showiest and most sat-

A few large, field-grown plants, each 75c, \$7.50

liage plant with brilliant coral red berries.

isfactory flowering shrubs for our section and what is rare,

with flowers of a lovely blue shade, and phlox-like in shape

CORAL BERRY. (Probably Synchoricarpus). A pretty fo-

of cluster. Handsome for edging a road, PRICES. 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

ner dozen ALBA. White. 75c each. Plumbago

Grown at La Grania.

Plumbago

Periwinkle, Grown at La Granja.

#### Violets

Lovely, fragrant, single Italian Violets. Plant where shaded and flower in winter.

PRICES. \$1.00 per half dozen, \$1.50 per dozen.



Day Blooming Jasmine.

#### **Jasmines**

These are shrubs of most delightful fragrance and beautiful in themselves. The most famous of them, the Cape Jasmine, Is really not a Jasmine but a Gardenia, and it will not grow here. But others of great beauty will.

GRAND DUKE. A climbing shrub much cultivated in the tropics, with glossy, green leaves and very double white flowers of wonderful fragrance.

NIGHT-BLOOMING JASMINES. (Cestrum Nocturnum or Parqui). A vigorous shrub growing 8 to 12 feet high bearing quantities of creamy flowers intensely fragrant at night.

DAY-BLOOMING JASMINE. (Cestrum Diurnum). A rapid growing evergreen shrub with shining green leaves and producing quantities of white flowers fragrant by day and lovely purple berries afterwards.

PRICES. 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen, \$40.00 per 100.

Assortment No. 28. My selection of half dozen, \$2.50.

AFRICAN SWEET PEA. (Polygila Dalmaisiana). A dense pranches. Bears pink pea-shaped flowers nearly the year around.

PRICES. 1 to 2 ft. plants, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

#### Veronicas

Evergreen shrubs from New Zealand which should do well with us. They need moist soil and plenty of water in summer. Grow 2 to 3 feet high.

ANDERSONI. Vigorous grower, spreading; flowers purple. DECUSSATA. Light foliage; flowers bluish.

IMPERIALIS. Grows 4 to 5 feet high. Flowers purplish blue and very free-flowering.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft. plants, save in Anderson, which are 1 ft., \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

# FLOWERS

#### Old Favorites From North

Many northern flowers will not grow here, but these are either natives of Texas or thrive here, as all have been tested at La Grania.

They will arrive in early December, be potted for delivery at once and deliveries will stop in early March. If possible, plant in December and January. If possible shade a little during summer.

SWEET WILLIAM. (Dianthus Barbatus). This was always a favorite of our grandmothers and is delightful for massing in beds and for borders. It flowers luxuriantly from April to July and then dies down completely to come up next spring.

PHLOX. Mrs. Ely calls this "the most satisfactory of all perennials." Plant a foot or eighteen inches apart and you will get wonderful clusters of flowers in spring. These are the finest mixed colors and two year field-grown roots. If planted as late as February do not expect flowers till the next year.

GAILLARDIAS. Are natives, growing wild up and down the railroad and lovely, but the big cultivated ones are much finer. The center is dark brown while petals are marked with brilliant crimson, orange and vermillion. Blossoms all summer and in full sun but need plenty of water.

GERANIUM. Geraniums have always held a prominent place in gardens but in this Delta our soil temperature is so high in summer that it is almost impossible to get them to live through. I have, however, secured one variety which lives through far better than any other tried out.

SPAULDING'S PET. Has rich, dark crimson blooms borne well above the foliage; flourishes well in winter, and with care will go through our summers. If possible plant on north side of house and in summer give plenty of water.

Other varieties obtained if wished, but they are nearly sure to die in summer.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS. Called the Queen of the Autumn, but here commence to flower in September and often will bear two crops. Small plants ready in February or early March. Given in assorted colors and styles.

DAISIES. The Shasta and new daisies are big, beautiful and blossom profusely in May and June; require frequent watering in summer.

PRICES. 50c each, \$5.25 per dozen, \$25.00 per 100. Assortment No. 24. My selection of a dozen, \$3.25.

PLATYCODON. A beautiful blue flower from China which if planted in early winter will grow 2 to 3 feet high and be covered with a lovely blue flower which lasts the longest time when cut.

PRICES, 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

LAVENDER PLANT. A grassy plant with blue flowers, from which the lavender of commerce is made. Pretty.

PRICE. 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.



Tuberoses, Grown at La Grania.

(Polianthes Tuberosa Mexicana). These come from the high table lands of Central Mexico. They have tall, stiff stems, flowers pure white, single, delightfully fragrant, withstand all weather save hard frosts and then quickly come up from bulb; commence to bloom in May and are a mass of white till cut down by frost. If stalk is cut when first flower opens, the flowers increase in size and whiteness and the stalk is cut when first lower opens, the flowers increase in size and whiteness and the stalk is cut to the stalk in the stalk is the stalk in the stalk in the stalk is the stalk in the stalk in the stalk is the stalk in the stalk in the stalk is the stalk in the stalk in the stalk in the stalk is the stalk in the stalk in

PRICES. Flowering, 20c each, half dozen , \$1.00, dozen, \$1.75.

#### **Poinsettias**

(Euphorbia Pulcherrima). The great scarlet brachts come just before Christmas and if no frost comes last for five or six weeks. Give it plenty of water and it grows five and six feet high where one a foot high is considered wonderful north. Pinch the terminals in August and September and you will quadruple the flowers coming later. Heap a little dirt around root in December and if we have a killing frost, you have saved the bud and the plants grow in spring.

PRICES. Extra large home-grown plants, 75c, for delivery in December. To blossom a little later. Regular size 40c each, \$4.50 per dozen.

# Lilies of the South



Angel Lily, Grown at La Grania.



Lily of Orinoco, Grown at La Granja.

Amaryllids are not true lilies; but the flower is so like a lily that they are always called lilies, and most of them like full sun and warm soil. Their flowers are beautiful and often wonderful and they thrive splendidly out of doors here. I have tested out over forty varieties and grow them by the thousand for indoor growth in the North. They all have sword leaves, a large bulb and like plenty of water.

ANGEL LILY. (Crinum Fimbriatum). Probably the best known with clear white petals with a faint streak of pink down the center. It will blossom in summer after every rain or watering. It is so nearly white that its blossom is used for weddings and funerals.

MILK AND WINE LILY. (Crinum Sanderianum).

The blossom on this is a trifle smaller than that of the Angel Lily. Its petals are a creamy white with stripe of rich carning down center. Like the Angel Lily, it blossom that the same contents of the content of the c

soms after watering.

SPIDER LILY. (Hymenocallis Carribbaeum). The leaves on this are stiffer and a darker green. The flower is pure white with green center and curious white rays from ends of petals. PRICES. Large bulbs, 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen, \$15.00 per 100.

CONFEDERATE LILY. (Crinum Kunthianum). This grows larger than other three with leaves often 3½ or 4 feet long. It produces a cluster of 12 or 15 flowers, drooping down and shaped like a trumpet. The color is a soft white striped with a dull but rich rose, fading inside to a soft sea shell pink.

SOUTH AFRICAN LILY. (Crimum Capense Alba).
This is almost an exact
duplicate of the Easter Lily, only that it blossoms
from April to August with its beautiful silver white
trumets.

PINK SOUTH AFRICAN LILY. (Crinum Capense).

Same as preceding but flowers are a strong pink.

LILY OF THE ORINOCO. (Crimum Kirkii). Plant same size as preceding but flower opens wide till it is 7 inches across of glistening white with wide stripes of deep carmine down center.

**PRICES.** Large bulbs, 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$20.00 per 100.

RIO GRANDE LILLY. (Crimum Augustum). This requires a year to get established before it will blossom, but it blooms very freely and into the winter. It is immense with leaves 4 and 5 feet long, and needing a circle of 5 feet to display its tropical beauty. Its flower stalks bear 40 or 56 blossoms, making a dazzling cluster a couple of feet in diameter of wine red and gistening white.

PRICES. Immense bulbs, \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per

Assortment No. 15. A dozen, my selection, of six varieties, \$2.00.

Assortment No. 16. Bed 5 feet across with 1 Rio Grande Lily in center and 12 assorted of Angel, Milk and Wine and Spider Lilies, 4 feet from center, \$3.00.

Assortment No. 17. Bed 7 feet across with 1 Rio Grande Lily in center and 12 Confederate Lilies and Lily of Orinoco, at 4 feet from center, and 18 of Angel, Milk and White and Spider Lilies at outer border, \$6.50.

Assortment No. 18. Bed 9 feet across, same as preceding but with fourth outer row of 36 Tuberoses, \$9.00.

Assortment No. 19. Bed 9 feet across, same as preceding but with fourth outer row of 36 Day Lilies instead of Tuberoses, \$10.00.



Spider Lily, Grown at La Granja.



Confederate Lily, Grown at La Granja.

# **FLOWERS**



South Mirean Eny, Grown at La Gran

#### Day Lilies

These thrive splendidly here, blossoming from May to August, and though each flower lasts but a day, there are so many buds on a stalk, it continues to bloom for months. They have pleasing yellow-green foliage and are very effective in a border and exceedingly gay when blooming.

TAWNY DAY LILY. (Hemerocallis Flava). This flower is tawny orange, striped with deeper brown.

PRICES. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen, \$15.00 per 100.

LILY QUEEN OF THE MAY, (H. Aurantica). Very large and lemon yellow.

DOUBLE KWANSO LILY. (Hemerocallis Kwanso). This is same as other, save flower is double and very wonderful.

PRICES. 30c each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$25.00 per 100.

Assortment No. 14. 5 ft. bed, 1 Canna, very choice; 6 Double Chinese Lily and 12 Tawny Day Lilies, \$3.



Tawny Day Lily, Grown at La Granja.

#### Some Rare Vines

YELLOW TRUMPET VINE. (Bignonia Tweediana). Immense, clear yellow trumpet flower. Vine tender.

PURPLE TRUMPET VINE. (Bignonia Speciosa). Great clus-

ers. Hardy. Fast grower.

GIANT HONEYSUCKLE. (Lonicera Hildebrandi). Flower double gire of receiver have accepted.

Coral and pink. Hardy. (Lonicera Hildebrandi). Flower double size of regular honeysuckle. Fast grower.

LACE VINE. (Polygonum Auberti). Leaves reddish bronze or pale green. Constantly flowering with numerous clusters of creamy white lacy flowers.

VARIEGATED BOSTON IVX. (Ampelopsis Variegated). The well-known Boston Ivy, but with a white and green leaf. Fine for brick, stone or cement.

EVERGREEN GRAPE, (Vitis Capensis). A robust vine from South Africa with whitish hairy leaves; very ornamental.

PRICES. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

Assortment No. 20. Half dozen, my selection, \$4.25.



South African Lily, Grown at La Granja.

#### Bougainvillea

PAPER FLOWER. (B. Glabra Sanderiana). See description on Page 23.

PRICES, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

BRAZILIAN. (B. Braziliensis). Larger flower and richer purple.

PRICES. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen,

CHAMELEON. (B. Lateritis). In full sun the flowers vary in color from brick-red to reddish pink. Very free flowering.

PRICE. \$3.50 each.

CRIMSON LAKE. A most wonderful, deep carmine flower with all the other fine characteristics of this free-flowering vine. The color and abundance of flowers and rapidity of growth, is enough to astonish anyone.

PRICE. \$3.25 each.

# VINES

Run a foot wide chicken wire from the eves of your house to the ground between your windows, and plant vines. These keep the side of the house cool refresh the eve and tie the whole house to the landscape, making it a part of it,

#### Low Priced Vines

OUEEN'S WREATH. (Antigonon Leptopus). A rapid growing and lovely vine with heart-shaped leaves and bearing quantities of rose-pink flowers. Probably the best vine for this section. Called by Mexican Corona de la Reina and Rosa de Montana

WISTARIA. (Kraunhia Brachybotrya). A vine of easy growth with compound leaves and long racemes of blue flowers in spring.

HONEYSUCKLE HALL'S JAPANESE. (Lonicera Halleana)

A fine blooming vine with gray-green leaves and masses of vellow and white flowers, Evergreen.

MOON VINE. (Inomes Bons Nov) An over green vine producing great white fragrant flowers at night.

TRUMPET VINE. (Tecoma Radicans). A hardy wine from the North

but growing well here and flowering with clusters of trumpet shaped orange red flowers DUTCHMAN'S PIPE. (Aristolochia Elegans). A fine dwarf vine, just right for small trellises, with purple and cream

flower CLEMATIS, EitherCoccinea, Cris-

pa or Paniculata. Hardy flowering vines with compound leaves and white, blue or red flowers followed by dainty seed whorls. Very fast growing and hardy.

PRICES. Nice small plants 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen \$45.00 per 100.

Assortment No. 21, Half dozen. my selection, \$2,25.





Chinese Trumpet Flower

RIFEDING HEARTS. (Clerodendron Thompsonae). A dense quick-growing ecarlet and white flowers

TOMATHIO (Solanum Seaforthianum) A slender vine with great clusters of blue flowers

FLAME VINE. (Pyrostegia Venusta). Hardy quick-growing vine loving a deen. moist soil producing thousands of lovely, tubular. orange-red flowers about Christmas time and lasting five or six weeks

CREEPING FIG. (Figus Repens or Pumila). A small-leaved evergreen creeper

> for use on coment brick or stone walls where it quickly makes a mass of green Not suitable for wooden houses or trellises. How beautiful it is can be seen on Cant Silver's home at Mercedes

PRICES. Nice small plants. 75c each \$7.50 per dozen \$50.00 per 100 2-year field-grown plants \$1.25

each. \$12.50 per dozen. AZURE VINE (Petres Volubilis). A won-

derful tropical vine growing very freely with medium sized evergreen leaves and longbranching panicles of agure blue flowers changing to layonder.

PRICES, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.



Halls Japan Honeysuckle,

Flame Vine, Blossoms in Winter,



BOUGAINVILLEA. (B. Glabra Sandra). The most free-flowering vine we have with mass of purple flowers and producing all during the summer and fall. Tender but if cut down by frost comes from the roots. Can be pruned to make a vine, a shrub or a small tree. and very lovely. Hard to get started but when growing, very rapid in growth.

CHINESE TRUMPET FLOWER. (Tecoma Grandiflora). climbing and most floriferous with immense bril-

liant orange flowers and covered with them in hottest weather. The plant is a wonder. PRICE. \$3.50 each.

KENNEDY VINE, (Kennedya Comptoniana), An evergreen climber with lovely lavender flowers like a Wistaria but smaller. Will stand a few degrees frost.

PRICES. \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.





Wistaria.

#### Roses Roses Roses



My roses are budded on sweet briar or manetti stock and big, twoyear, field-grown plants. Experience has shown that rarely do small, hothouse grown plants grow well. Though much lower in price, they are not as cheap in the end. Also budded roses grow more vigorously and live longer.

I get nothing but the finest teas, hybrid teas and perpetuals. in the North these are hot-house roses but on the right soil they do well here and blossom best from October to March. In summer, the blossoms will become smaller and the plant poorer.

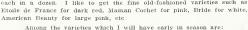
Roses like a heavy loam; they will not do as well in sandy soil as they will in heavy clay. Our heavy soil is ideal for growing fine roses. Also they like rich soil and the digging in of much well-rotted manure produces finer flowers. Then do not plant with other plants. They grow a bacteria in the soil which when other plants are planted near, only dilutes its benefits.

The Rambler roses do not flower here and I have found the climbers, both poor growers and flowerers, so I do not get them,

The best time to plant is from end of November to end of February. March and April is getting too late and you will not have good success then. With my fine large plants, good care means flowers in 50 to 60 days. Stocks are scarce and I advise early orders.

There are so many varieties of roses that I cannot catalog, but sell them as red, pink, white, yellow and two color, usually giving some of

each in a dozen. I like to get the fine old-fashioned varieties such as



DARK RED. Etoile de France, Mme. Mason, Gen. McArthur. DEEP PINK. American Beauty, Paul Neyron, Radiance, Helen Gould. PINK. Pres. Taft, Maman Cochet, Caroline Testout, Killarney, La France. WHITE, Bride, Kaiserin, White Maman Cochet, White Killarney, YELLOW, Perle des Jardins, Melody, Etoile de Lyon, Yellow Cochet.

APRICOT. Mrs. Aaron Ward, Mme. Jules Grolez.













ELTWEED POMEROY, NURSERY MAN DONNA, TEXAS

#### Pecans



Pecan Trees in Nursery Row.

Pecan growing now attracts greater attention and more capital through the South than any other line of arboricul-

It appeals to the far-sighted business man who is looking for a certain, constant, satisfactory income extending over a definite period of time.

There is little risk attached to it as the trees are hardy, require little attention and have almost no parasites or

They drive their roots deep into the soil and are sub-soil feeders; other plants can be grown close until the trees get

so big they shade the soil.

Their tap root must get down to water and in our deep soils they will not thrive on newly irrigated land at a distance from ditches unless given a large amount of water. But they do thrive along ditches and laterals unless constantly filled with water. This is usually waste land and

here they should planted by everyone.

They begin to bear as early as apples and are very long lived. At La Granja they commenced to bear at 6 years of are and are now bearing profitable crops.

Pecans are by far the choicest table nut grown in America and the demand for them is steadily increasing as they become more widely known. They furnish a healthful, nutritious food particularly adaptable to amenic people. Confections for the produce of the control of the cont

But the making of the dollar is not the only thing. They should be planted for beauty. What is handsomer than the row of stately pecans along the center ditch at La Granja? They add to the value of a home.

# **Nut Trees**

FOLLOWING ARE AUTHENTIC RECORDS OF

Thirteen-year-old Delmas trees bore 70 lbs., Miller & Grossard Manticello, Fla

Seven-acre orchard of H. W. Smithwick, Americus, Ga., trees 9 to 11 years old, first ones planted 1995. From 1998 to 1917 the yields have been in succession as follows: 19 nuts, 15 lbs, 83 lbs, 590 lbs, 551 lbs, 1,487 lbs, 2,845 lbs, 2,900 lbs, 7,121 lbs, 2,507 lbs. The 1917 crop was greatly reduced by hail storm.

Eleven-year-old Pabst tree bore 118 lbs., Gill & Scoville, Baconton, Ga.

The five-acre home lot of H. C. White, Putney, Ga., of 95 Schley trees, planted 1910, bore 70 lbs. in 1914, 140 lbs. in 1915, 580 lbs. in 1916, and 287 lbs. in 1917.

There are two classes, the Inland whose foliage is apt to get fungus in moister climate along coast, and the Coast Pecan whose foliage may shrivel in high, dry air. Plant Coast Pecan here. Also plant nothing but the finest, papershell, budded Pecans and it is better to have two or more varieties so they cross fertilize.

PRICES. On finest paper-shell varieties—5 to 7 ft., \$2.00 each, \$21.00 per dozen, \$150.00 per 100.

7 to 10 ft., \$3.50 each, \$35.00 per dozen, \$225.00 per 100.



This Pecan was planted at La Granja Farm in 1910, transplanted in 1911 and is now bearing fine fruit. Commenced bearing in 1917.

#### English Walnuts



I have the oldest trees in the Delta growing at La Granja. They are only a promising experiment. They are so close to pecans that they should do well under same conditions as pecans. Use only fine paper-shell varieties.

PRICES. 5 to 7 ft... \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

#### **Oueensland Nuts**

MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA. From Australia. This is a very promising experiment. The tree is very ornamental with dense, dark green foliage and the hard-shelled nuts have a solid meat, very rich, oliy and deliciously flavored. They have done well in California and Florida.

PRICES, 4 to 6 ft., \$4,00 each, \$40,00 per dozen,

#### Berries

Three betries, the blackberry, dewberry and Haupt berry grow splendidly here with reasonable water and if there are dews or rains when pollenating the crop is enormous and quality fine. If it is extremely dry, pollenization is Imperfect and there is little fruit. I have seen vines absolutely black with fruit.

The blackberry grows erect. The dewberry trails. The Haupt berry is half way between in its habit of growth. The blackberry has a large, firm and when fully ripe, sweet and high flavored fruit. The dewberry is usually just a little smaller, is softer and not so good a shipper but so sweet heavier and a sweet smaller. It is softer and heavier and surer bearer. The flaupt berry is a large as the blackberry, firm enough to be a good shipper, of fine flavor and an enormous bearer.

PRICES. Black and Dewberry vines, 75c per dozen, \$5.00 per 100.

Haupt Berry vines, \$1.00 per dozen, \$7.50 per 100.

#### Persimmons



Japanese Persimmons, Grown at La Granja Farm.

The Japanese persimmon is one of the most delicious of fruits and it has taken me nine years to find out that certain varieties will grow well and fruit abundantly here. Most varieties have imperfect pollen in their flowers and a tree of the Galley variety should be planted close so as to afford the necessary pollen. Usually I will send one Galley with a half dozen or a dozen other varieties. All are budded on the American wild persimmor.

GAILEY. Small but good fruit. Tree useful for pollenization.

YEDDO ICHL. This variety has fruited splendidly with me

for some years. Fruit large, oblate, diameters about 2½ by 3 inches, skin smooth, dark red with heavy bloom, flesh dark brown, sweet, rich, crisp and of best quality and edible when still hard.

I cannot always be sure of sending this variety but others are very close and fine budded varieties will be sent. PRICES. 3 to 4 ft. strong trees, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

#### Plums

A few varieties of fine plums have fruited well with me. HOWE. A very beautiful dark red plum of good size. EXCELSIOR. A medium sized, deep wine-r-cd plum with subacid, rich flavor. Reddish. TERRILL. A large yellow plum, very neaty.

PRICES. 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen, \$55.00 per 100.

#### Burbank Plums

I. have secured a few of: CLIMAX. Immense, crimson early plum. GIGANTIC. The largest plum produced by Burbank. SANTA ROSA. The handsomest plum produced by Burbank. PRICES. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

# **Temperate Climate Fruits**

#### Peaches

(Amygdalus Persica). Ten years ago I planted 400 peaches largely of the fine Jewel variety, but also of ten or twelve other kinds. I have now settled on three varieties all coming from hot climates. Northern peaches such as Elberta and Crawford grow here but do not fruit. We must get strictly such as thrive with our high soil temperature. These commence to blossom in January; If we have a late frost it will almost cut off fruit. Every farm should have a few trees around it. Kennember that up north the life of a peach so replant often.

I have had specially budded for my 1920 season, 1,200 Red Ceylon, 400 Honey and 400 Jewel.

HONEY. Small, oval with deep suture on one side. Skin
whitish yellow washed with red. Flesh creamy
white, sweet, juicy and melting, a delicious flavor; freestone.
Ripens end of May.

JEWEL. Medium to large, high colored, sweet, juicy, freestone. Ripens early in June.

RED CEVLON. Size large, color dull green with deep red blush, flesh blood-red. When fully ripe this has the strongest and finest true peach flavor of any I know. It is not only good for eating but also for cooking and preserving. I consider it a fine, all around peach and other two, but at end of June.

Some of these trees grown for me will be 5 to 7 feet size, some smaller. I take all in the lot down to 5 to 4 feet. Early orders get the largest trees, later ones smaller stock, and very late, none at all, as last season. In assorted will give eight Red Ceylon, two Honey and two Jewel. PKICES. 60 each, \$8.60 per dozen, \$8.00 per 100.



Jujube or Chinese Dates, Grown at La Granja.

(Sysiphus Vulgaris). Beautiful ornamental tree with bright glossy green, locust-like foliage. Dwarf, hardy and withstands drought and neglect. Has fruited at La Granja for three years. Fruit mahogany brown, one to two inches long, pleasant when eaten fresh but when dried particularly with sugar; delicious and it makes delicious preserves. It is a sugar; alcicous and it makes delicious preserves. It is a PRICES. Growing suckers from trees fruiting at La Grania.

\$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.



Lukfata Grapes, Grown at La Granja.

At last after nine years of experimenting I have a grape which thrives here, bears delicious fruit in June when there is none elsewhere and is very satisfactory. It is a large black grape of the very finest Concord flavor and richness. Makes delicious grape juice and is a good shipper.

It is a Munson hybrid and the Munson Nurseries have given me exclusive sale on their grapes for the Delta. LUKFATA or RIO GRANDE CONCORD. Growth strong. En-

LUKATIA or RIO GRANDE CONCORD.

Growth strong. Endought
and cold. Succeeds in limy soils.
Cluster medium, ovate, compact,
black, persistent; do not crack.
agreeable.
Pulp very juicy, sweet,
agreeable.

It has an imperfect flower and another variety should be planted near it or you will not get full bunches. Mr. Munson has selected the VALHALLAH. A large, clear red, jujey grape of delicious

LHALLAH, A large, clear red, juicy grape of delicious flavor and a vigorous grower and drought

resistant.
WHITE GRAPES. I am getting for myself two varieties of

beautiful white grapes with similar carefully worked out ancestry which I feel confident will do well here but they have not been tested by time. I will get for you BLONDIN. Cluster large, compact and shouldered; berry pulp tender, settlem, white translucent; skin thin and tough; pulp tender, need to the settlem of the

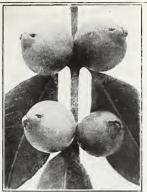
KRAUSE. Vine is vigorous and healthy though slightly attacked by mildew in damp weather.

RED GRAPES. And one variety of red grapes—

NITODAL. Vine vigorous and healthy, cluster large, contcal, handsome; berry persistent, above medium, translucent, dark red; skin thin, never cracks; pulp melting and pure with pale pink juice.

Unless directed to the contrary each half dozen will contain five Lukfata and one Valhallah.

PRICES. 45c each, \$4.00 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.



Large Lender Guava Fruited Abundantly at La Granja.

#### Guavas

A grand fruit in all its varying forms, even the tropical sorts being of value because of their surety to sprout up after being cut down by frost and bearing after one frostless winter.

The fruit is always borne in enormous quantities and is good raw, preserved or in jellies or jams. There are but two other fruits in the world approaching the Gauva in the amount of pectin they contain and pectin is the basis of all jellies and jams and the Gauva has a most distinctive flavor for jellies. I am growing and carrying three varieties.

CATTLEY. (Psidium Cattleyanum). This has glossy, thick, evergreen leaves, grows 2 to 3 feet high, stands mild frosts. Fruit is small, about an inch in diameter, red, sub-acid and fine for jellies.

YELLOW CHINESE. (P. Lucidum). Very similar to Red Cattley but fruit is yellow, larger and sweeter. LEMON. (Psidium Guiava). A taller shrub grow-

ing 8 to 10 feet high with larger, light green leaves and fruit as big as an egg—some of mine have been as large as a very large peach.

The flavor is



Red Cattley Guava Have Fruited at La Granja.

up and eaten
with sugar
and cream,
and the jellies
and preserves
are delicious.
PRICES. Fine

fine when cut

plants, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$40 per 100.

#### Pomegranates

(Punica Granatum). This is a beautiful shrub with bright red flowers and a fruit the size of an apple with hard shell and sub-acid pulp with many seeds. It makes a delicious drink and is pleasant to eat.

FLOWERING. This has lovely flowers of crimson and white and the fruit is not nearly as good as that with less conspicuous and lovely flowers. Good for low wind break

DWARF. This does not grow more than 3 feet high and is a continual bearer of brilliant red flowers. Its fruit is small but good. Delightful for bordering drives.

PRICES. 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$45.00 per 100.
FRUTING. This has been developed so that it bears larger fruit with fewer

PAPER SHELL. Fruit large, skin very thin, pale yellow with crimson cheek;
the pulp is a rich crimson color, sweet and aromatic. Ripens

in October.

WONDERFUL. A recent introduction of great merit. Large, highly colored and attractive; puip a rich garnet, juice abundant and excellent in flavor. Valuable for shipping north. Ribens October.

PRICES. 2 to 3 ft., field-grown plants, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen,

#### Barbados Gooseberry

(Pereskia Aculeata). A climbing cactus with true leaves and producing an edible fruit. Very fast grower and bears immense numbers of creamy white flowers. Frosts of 24 degrees kill 15 back.

PRICES. Nice plants. 75c each. 87.50 per dozen.

#### Surinam Cherry

(Eugenia Uniflora). A pretty dwarf tree with glossy, evergreen leaves and ribbed fruit resembling a small tomato. I have eaten the fruit but do not know of any fruited here. If it fruits here, it should be a decided addition. Needs protection from our sun the first summer.

PRICES. 31.00 each. \$1.00 ner dogen.

#### Figs

FIGS. (Ficus Carica). Large plantings of figs were made years ago but figs are not commercially a success here as in our dry climates they do not regularly fruit abundantly. A few for home planting are good as the ripe fruit

is delicious when served with cream and they make one of the finest preserves there are. Planting close to building or where the roots will be shaded aids in their thriving.

MAGNOLIA. A large, handsome fig specially suited for pre-

specially suited for serving.

CELESTE. A small, blue fig, delicious for eating raw. PRICES. 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen.

#### Loquat

Also called Mediar or Japan Plum (Eripotrya Japonica). This is one of the most ornamental dwarf trees we have. If grows in a beautiful rounded shape and has large, evergreen leaves. It is hardy and grows easily. It flowers in December and January and fruit ripens in April and May and needs protection for young fruit.

The budded varieties bear very delicious fruit about the size of a large plum and of delicious sub-acid, aromatic flavor.

PRICES. Fine pot-grown seedlings, 60c each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$45.00 per 100.

Large plants, 5 to 7 ft. high, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.



Wonderful Pomegranates.



Sapota Tree Bore Fruit in 1911 at La Grania.

#### Raspberries

FRENCH EVERBEARING. Regular raspberries will do nothing. I am told this new variety from France will do well and its fruit is fine. As yet a promising experiment. Only a few plants, \$1.75 each.

#### Rhubarb

WAGNER'S GIANT.Standard northern varieties will do nothing here. But the Chilean rhubarb, developed in California, if planted before January Ist, will do well. This is probably the best of these. Only a few plants and none delivered after January 1st. PRICES. \$1.00 ner plant.

Assortment No. 9. 1 dozen, my selection, \$10.00.

#### Sapodilla

(Achras Sapota). A symmetrical tree with evergreen leaves and bearing russet fruits with shelllike skin and sweet pulp. 'The sap furnishes the chicle for chewing gum.

PRICES. Nice plants, 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

#### Olives

So far only one variety of olive has grown well here to my vertain knowledge, and that has just began to fruit after eight years. It is the Mission and is an ornamental tree.

PRICES. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Assortment No. 9. 1 dozen, my selection, \$10.00.

# Semi-Tropic Fruit Trees Other Than Citrus Suited for the Rio Grande Delta



Avocado.

PERSEA AMERICANA. Also called Aguacate and Alligator Pear

The United States Government in an official bulletin says that more food for mankind can be grown on an acre of Avocadoes than on an acre of any other plant; also that it is one of the very few fruits which will replace meat in a diet.

The few fruits now reaching New York City, Los Angeles and San Francisco markets retail from 50c to \$1.00 each. One tree in California is insured for \$30,000 and it is surfence with locked

gate. One year it returned \$5,000.00 revenue to its owner, \$5,000.00 for its fruit and \$2,000.00 for buds from it. The famous Montezuma tree in Mexico which is said to be 200 years old, yields annually over 5,000 fruits, weighing a pound each.

If the Avocado can be grown here its returns in fruit will be the most profitable of anything grown. If I gave you a fair estimate of the money returns per acre you would say I was lieing.

I have planted trees for eight years. The Trapp and other Florida Avocadoes are cut down by such light frosts that I advise against trying them. The same is true of the Isle of



Young Avocado Tree.

Pines Avocadoes, and of many of the Central American Avocadoes,

Avocadoes will stand our winter. One is the purple-back small ones of delicious flavor grown in the highlands of Mexico. The other are the larger ones grown at high altitudes in Guatemala where they have severer frost than we have. I have now carried trees of each type safely through two of our severest whiters and they are growing

California and Florida are planting acres of these trees; they are past the experiment stage there. I am not yet ready to advise the planting of hundreds of these trees; yet I do advise everyone to plant from one to a dozen. They are the most promising experiment here.

They require lots of water, and shading of the tops and ground until the tree gets big enough to shade the ground. The ground around them should be covered with a straw mulch of 5 to 6 inches depth from end of March to November. NORTHROP. Mexican type, medium fruit, pear-shaped, skin smooth, purple black, glossy, flesh cream colored, very rich and highly flavored; fruit ripens in August

and September. Tree hardy and vigorous,

PRICE. \$4.00 each.

HARMON. Very similar to Northrop but slightly larger and ripens about a month earlier.

PRICE. \$4.00 each.

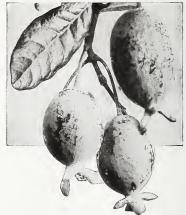
EL FUERTE. Guatemalan type and hardy. Fruits oval, smooth, buttery and very rich in flavor. Fruits in California in November and December.

PRICE. 86.00 each.



Papaya Tree at La Granja Three Years From Planting.

PAPAYA. (Carica Papaya). A quick growing tree with large irregularly cut leaves, hearing fruits like a luscious melon. These fruits contain pepsin and aid digestion. It is highly probable that it can be made commer-



Feijoa Fruit. Have Fruited at La Grania.

cially profitable. It needs lots of water but then grows very rapidly, will even fruit the first year. It is short-lived being apt to die when 4 or 5 years old. It is tender, needing winter protection, but if frozen down its growth is so rapid that trees at La Granja frozen back in January, grew 6 feet high and had fruit by June. It is male and female and the sex of the tree cannot bot told till it flowers, but the female will usually develop fruit without the male.

PRICES. Pot-grown plants from the largest fruit I have ever seen, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

CARISSA. (Carissa Eispinosa Amatungula or Carandas). This delightful little plant spreading out on the ground but rarely growing more than 4 feet high, has glossy evergreen leaves, large fragrant white flowers followed by a red acid fruit the size of a plum which makes a fine jelly. A hard frost will cut it back to the ground but it quickly comes up again. Makes a lovely lawn hedge.

PRICES. 66 each, 86.00 per dozen.

FEIJOA. (Peijoa Sellowiana) A relative of the Guava from Hawaii and completely hardy. It is a lovely shrub growing 6 to 8 feet high with ash-green leaves with a silver-white back, a lovely red and purple blossom and fruit as big as a hen's egg, fragrant and delicious either raw or preserved. It is capricious about fruiting, seeming to need mount weather when blossoming. It is frequently used in PRICES. Seedlings, 75c each, \$10.50 per dozen.

Grafted trees, \$5.50 each.

# Nine months growth on a four year old tree frozen back to banking in February, 1917. Grown at La Granja, Donna, Texas,

tremely quick recovery from

PRICES. In common with everything else, unvery stock has advanced, but not as much as citic fruits bearing orchards or other costs. Trees are still relatively cheap. I said last year, "A buyer in 1919 will pay less than one in 1290, and for at least five years after that date." This is rine, and a buyer for 1920 will pay less than one for 1921. This is specially true of much of my stock which is grown specially for me on contracts for 1920 delivery, made from one to three years prior to delivery.

ORCHARD RETURNS have been bigger than ever known. In Florida there was a concerted movement to ask \$2.00 a box on the tree and only weak ones got less; those with good fruit got more. Every well cared for orchard in California, Florida and the Rio Grande made enoney last year and most of them big money. It looks as if it would be many a year before a citrus grove planted with first-class trees in proper soil and well cared for, could do anything but make big returns.

ORCHARD VALUES. With the increase in a bearing orchard has advanced till \$2,000 per acre is a low price, \$5,000 per acre often per acre is a low price, \$5,000 per acre often for choice orchards well located. In this Delta one small orchard which its owner three years ago, thought he was getting a high price for when he sold it for \$10,000 (only 4 acres of seven-year trees and 16 unpresent owner and he did not accent.)

# Citrus Trees for 1920

BRINGING IN THE TREES. If trees are left in the nursery there is danger of frosting in the nursery. If planting is too early here there is danger of frosting here. My trees are usually dug in the nursery at end of December or early in January before there is danger of frosting in the nursery, shipped to arrive the latter part of January, and packed with spaghnum moss so they can stay in the boxes, if wet frequently, for one or even two months if stored in a shady place. I have built big sheds for shade and frost protection of these trees. But I like to deliver early in February which is the best time to plant.

This means a careful co-operation of customers with me so they can get the freshest trees and plant at the best time.

NOTICES. For the last six years it has been my custom to send a first notice that your order will be shipped in ten days or two weeks, a second notice that it will be shipped in two or three days, and the invoice usually sent C. O. D. with the shipment. This enables you to co-operate with me in taking quickly from the station and planting quickly and means trees in the freshest and best condition.

SHORTAGE OF STOCK. In the fall of 1914 there were over five million nursery citrus trees in Florida. By the fall of 1918 this had been reduced to three million, and now, owing to shortage of labor and high prices, there are not over two million. The same is true of California. Good citrus trees are increasingly hard to set.



Citrus Grove at Phen, on Rio Grande, When Four Years Old,



QUALITY OF MY STOCK. I have thrice visited California and Florida to study citrus growing, and buy. I will only buy from the best growers and want to see them and their stock before buying. I can give you the record of every citrus tree I sell. This care does not fully show till the trees bear fruit, but it trarely that any low-priced trees are really chear trees.

SIZE OF STOCK. I am not selling any trees of less than % caliper. I do not believe they can be profitably planted. These usually have three year roots and one year tops. I will, as usual, get some of the 1-inch caliper trees which have five year roots and two year tops. Naturally, these cost much more, and if pushed in growth, they should bear some the third wend year, and a profitable crop the third year.

Tangerine and Mandarin oranges, kumquats and limes are not sold by calliper but by age as they do not grow like the others. ROOTS. Sour orange and rough or wild which slemon are the only to provide the rough lemon is being increasingly planted, particularly on sandy soils, and is showing vastly better growth and earlier fruiting and heavier fruiting than the sour orange. It and well with others to whom I have sold it, but mainly the root stock will be sour orange.

#### Why Plant Citrus Trees



A Pomelo or Grapefruit Tree Loaded With Fruit.

There are three sections in the United States which can successfully grow citrus trees, and only three. California started growing more than a half century ago and it has about two hundred thousand acres in citrus trees.

Florida really started citrus culture about forty years ago and it has about a hundred and fifty thousand acres.

The Rio Grande Delta began to be settled ten years ago, and it has now one thousand acres in citrus trees.

No other parts of our country can grow oranges, grape-fruit and lemons, usually called citrus 'fruits.

Last season fifty million dollars went inno California to pay for citrus fruits, and from half to twothirds that amount into Florida. It was a poor and inefficient grower who did not net in these two states
at least \$500.00 per acce, and some went as high as two and three thousand per acre.

Every mature orchard in the Rio Grande Delta which was moderately cared for made money for its owner.

MARKETS. Half of California's market is in the Pacific Ocean and she has to send the bulk of her crop a third of the way across the continent to sell it. It takes as long time and costs her as much to reach Denver as it does from the Rio Grande Deita, and when she gets farther east it costs her more.

Half of Florida's market is in the Atlantic Ocean. She has the Atlantic Coast which is a splendid

market, but it takes as much time and costs as much to deliver a crate of oranges from Florida to Cleveland or Cincinnati as it does from the Rio Grand Delta, and when you get farther weit, it costs more. The true and normal market for the Rio Grande Delta begins on the east with the Alleghanies at Pittsburg, Cleveland and Cincinnati, where we are on a par with Florida, and extends to the Rockies, with Denver as the guiding point, where we are on a par with California.

Our market is the great Mississippi Valley, which today contains the largest body of well-to-do-people of any group in the world. They can buy. Right at our doors is Texas, whose population consumes more fruit per head of population than any state in the Union.

#### Cold Weather

Mr. Teague, the efficient manager of the great Limoneira Ranch in California, with 700 acres of lemons, wrote recently that in the last ten years they had to light the fire-pots in their groves an average of over fifteen times a winter. Last winter in California some orchards lit their fire-pots for thirty nights running, and ture and Pomona passed an ordinance that no fire-pots should be allowed in that section which did not consume their smoke.

After that cold spell when unprotected orchards had spheres of solid ice for fruit, the shipments of citrus fruits were stopped till the frozen fruit could rot—stopped for two weeks.

In the Rio Grande Delta it would have been necessary to light fire-pots one night in winter of 1919, three nights in previous winter, two nights in the winter before, and not at all for three winters before that, or an average of once a winter.

The Rio Grande Delta has never known cold such as they have had repeatedly in California. Yet citrus culture is successful in California.

#### Fire Pots

This season there have been forty thousand fire-pots sold in California of seven gallon capacity or over, with cast iron bases and finely made. These cost the grow-ers \$7.50 each, or with the oil, tanks, etc., over a half million.

The great Leffingwell Ranch is putting over thirty of these to the acre on four



A Great Luscious Golden Yellow Grape Fruit,

or five hundred acres. In other words they are spending \$225.00 per acre for fire-pots, and with tanks, oil, etc., it will run over \$300.00 per acre.

It costs them from \$2.00 to \$10.00 per acree time these fire-pots are lit. according to length of time burned. If it averages \$5.00, and fifteen times a winter this would be \$75.00, and the earling for pots, and oil, storing, painting, etc., this will run to \$100.00 per acre. They

In the Rio Grande Delta, you will need fire-pots when your trees are three or four years old but, you will average lighting them once a year instead of fifteen times as in California, and at a cost of perhaps \$10.00 per acre for fuel and labor against around \$10.00 in California.

#### Fertilizing

Florida has climate and sand. She cannot get the fruit to stay on the tree unless \$50.00 in fertilizer is put onto the soil and for a good crop, \$100.00 per acre is needed. Mr. Teague of this same Limoneira Ranch told me they expected to put \$100.00 of fertilizer on their 700 acres of lemons. These are facts. You cannot go into any town in the citrus sections of the form of these two states without seeing lots of fertilizer signs, every citrus paper contains many fertilizer also.

Outside of some fertilizer put on for experimenting I do not know of a single pound of fertilizer being used on citrus groves in the Rio Grande Delta. We may have to come to it in years—that I cannot tell, but such wonderful fertile soil I have never seen. I have probably cropped La Granja farm more intensively than any other piece in the Delta and I do not see signs of failing fertility.

#### Results

The Carney Estates Groves in Marion County, Florida, with 200 acres of citrus groves and 1000 boxes of fruit selling for \$200,000.00. Last season this 200 acres produced 41,000 boxes of fruit selling for \$128,000.00 or an average of \$640.00 per acre.



Seven-year Duncan Grapefruit From Which 16 Boxes of Fruit Were Picked.



Three Beautiful Valencia Late Oranges.

On this Limoneira Ranch when I was there in 1917, they were averaging 5.2-5 boxes of lemons to the tree and were getting from \$4.00 to \$4.50 a crate for them, and most of their trees were planted 2022, or 908 trees to the acre. How much is that per acre?

I could go on and give you figures almost without end. I believe citrus growing, properly done will bring you in more money than any other staple crop in the Rio Grand Delta.

### People Who Should Not Plant Citrus Groves

The old Latins had a proverb: "The footsteps of the owner are the best fertilizer." The man who is not willing to study citrus growing in the books and from his neighbors, then the right thing at the right time, had better not ben to do the right thing at the right time, had better not ben to last any trees.

I know of one quite large planting of which I am told the owner has not furnished mules and tools enough to cultivate the whole of his groves more than once a year. Of course that orchard is mainly a failure. It hurts me to see a beautiful tree die from neglect.

#### People Who Should Plant Orchards

A wise man once said: "No man ever made a success of any business till he sleeps with it." In other words, till he thinks about it over and over again. If you are willing to the the study and thought, you can make a success of citrus growing in the Rio Grande Delta. We have the other conditions.

#### The Pleasure of Citrus Growing

Your cities with their hurrying crowds, your factories with their noise and clamor, your to the continual small attrition of buying and selling, your northern winters, shut in and cold and raw, what are they all worth compared with work in the sumshine raising golden fruit. No occupation is more healthy or pleasurable as citrus growing, and few compare with it.

Yours to make the Delta Beautiful, ELTWEED POMEROY, Donna, Texas.

# The Temple Orange

Mr. J. C. Chase of Jacksonville, whose knowledge of citrus fruits is surpassed by no man in Florida, says:

"I remember distinctly sampling oranges from the original Templet tree and consider it the only round variety combining thin, smooth peel with the high color of the Tangerine and a flavor all its own. The Temple contains few seeds and impresses one as a coming popular variety. The color attracts the eye, the splendid eating qualities bring about a large demand. Favor me with trees when ready."

Mr. L. B. Skinner, the Pinellas county citrus grower, whose splendid success with oranges and grapefruit is widely known, writes:

"I gladly bear testimony to the great merits of the Temple orange. It is in a class by itself and has many points to recommend it to the man who is planning a grove. The wonderful deep red color will make it sell for a dollar a box more than other oranges. In addition, the Temple possesses an aroma or fragrance strongly resembling that

of the Pineapple orange and the advantage of a late marketing season when prices are highest. I regard it as the greatest acquisition to the citrus industry since the advent of the Pineapple orange and shall plant heavily of it as trees are available."

Mr. Edgar A. Wright, editor of the Florida Grower, who has asked us to sell him 1,000 trees of the Temple, said of it in his paper, after first trying this new orange:

"It is the fruit of the gods, the golden apple of Hesperides; a fruit that melts in the mouth, leaving it overflowing with sweet junces. In appearance it is more the shape of the "round" orange than the tangerine. It is thin of skin, can be peeled like a navel, or a tangerine and eaten out of hand by breaking segments apart, has few seeds and almost no rag. In my humble opinion it will prove to be as much the orange for Florida as the navel proved to be the orange for California."

#### Why Profitable

Notice Loose Segments.

Citrus fruit sells first on looks. The Temple is one of the prettiest of oranges. drawing the eye by its rich, strong color. But continued buying depends on eating qualities. Here this new Temple excels. These two with its skin, its shipping and keeping qualities and the time it can be marketed are the reasons why the head of perhaps the biggest fruit auction in the world said he would guarantee \$10 a box for a carload when other good oranges were selling from \$2.75 to \$3.50. It is the MOST PROFITABLE fruit for the grower.



Notice thin skin, fine shape, firm flesh, right size, high quality.



Temple Orange-notice prolificness.

# The Temple Orange

# Contract

### To Be Signed By Purchaser

I further agree not to sell or give any of these trees away, and in case of disposition of property on which the trees are planted, I obligate myself to make this agreement a condition of the transfer.

On sour orange or rough lemon roots.

S. O. sent unless otherwise ordered

Not less than % caliper, \$4.00 each, \$39.00 per dozen, \$250.00 per 100. Some of these trees will caliper as much as one inch; these go to early orders.



The Outside Markings are Distinctive.

#### Description

The outside of the Temple is distinctive by a slight ridging of stem.

In shape it resembles a flattened King orange and has a remarkable uniformity of size, a large percentage of the fruit running 150's to 176's.

The skin of the Temple is semi-loose, not as much as tangerines, but enough to make it easily peeled without soiling the hands. Very thin and tough, the skin is smooth and takes of a high polish.

A dark red color gives the Temple a most attractive appearance,

The flavor beggars description. It is "simply wonderful," to quote the words of almost everyone who has eaten a Temple.

Aromatic, sprightly, yet melting and sweet, the taste is delicious and lasting. Sugar and acid are admirably blended.

Uniform and easily separated segments; flesh of a beautiful deep red, tempting to the appetite and pleasing to the

eye; abundant juice, evenly distributed; less seeds than in most budded varieties. The Temple is a mid-season to late orange. It is in fair shape for market by January but best from February to May, when it can be sold as a "kid-glove" orange.

One of the greatest advantages of the Temple is keeping quality. Both in ordinary fruit cellars and in cold storage it has made a remarkable record in this respect. The aroma and flavor improves the longer the fruit is kept.

# The Very Early Prolific Grapefruit Lots 9 and 10.

# LOTS

LOT NO. 8, BUCKEYE NURSERIES, Mr. M. E. Gillett, the founder, and with his son, the owners and managers of the Buckeye Nursery, started business in 1880. They grow nothing but citrus trees. They are the largest citrus nursery in the world. In early years they shipped over two million trees to California where some of the best groves are Buckeye trees.

They planted and have charge of the Lucerne orchards of eleven hun-

dred acres of fruiting citrus trees, the largest citrus grove in the world; they own over two hundred acres of orchard and have over two hundred acres in nurseries. They give a certificate to planters using their trees and it is a common affair in Florida for groves whose owners can show such a certificate to get at least 10 per cent advance over the ruling price for groves because of the known high quality of the trees.

No man achieves commanding success in his specialty over a period of two score years without meriting it. I have known the Gilletts for years and had large dealings with them and it is a pleasure to sell trees of such high quality coming from men of such honorable dealings. They have made me for four years

# The Exclusive Agent for Buckeye Nurseries for this Delta

LOT NO. 9, LA GRANJA TREES. I bought a whole nursery in Florida and had the small trees shipped on here. I had long

and had the small trees shipped on here. I had long talks with its grower before buying. I have had some trees over and others which were not in strictly first-class condition when I could have sold them, but are now, after growing here a season. Certain fine specialties such as the rose-tinted grapefruit, the Rangpur lime, the citron, etc., I have to buy from specialists. These are all included in Lot. No. 9. I can give to buyers full information regarding every tree in this lot as to where grown and by whom, etc. They are strictly first-class.

LOT 10. O. H. Oblinger. Esq., was raised in Polk County, Florida, the center of the citrus industry there. Started growing trees for his own planting over a score of years ago and gave so much care to them that his neighbors bought and from that has grown one of the most carefully managed nursery businesses in Florida. His nursery, though over twenty years old, is not as large as some in Florida, but he gives it all his personal but he gives it all his personal

attention and his reputation and

personality is so fine that I rank the quality of his trees very high. Such care is taken that he says, "if we have ever sold one tree which turned out otherwise than true to name, we have never been told of it," and "Our strong points are greatest possible care in handling bud-wood and low budding."

All of his trees are on rough lemon stock and should be planted on our prevailing sandy loam. They are ROOT BUDDED, which means below the level of the ground and, unlike most other citrus trees, they should be planted with the bud BELOW and not above the ground. This insures that in the event of freezing the tree is never completely ruined. Also the root stock will not send up shoots which if not cut off will draw the roots main sap and grow at the expense of the budded trunk till finally that is killed off.

He says about root stocks: "The sour orange produces a fairly healthy tree of slow growth, a grove of twenty-five years of age averaging about the same as of rough lemon roots of ten years of age."

The Haines City Nurseries, of which Mr. Ohlinger is the president and manager, has made me their

# **Exclusive Texas Agents**

LOT II. These have been grown for me under contract in one of the best citrus sections of Florida by a man of years of experience in bud cutting and nursery management who is giving his whole time to a comparatively small nursery. I consider him and his trees first-class. Outside of a very few large nurseries with a large and expensive force of trained men, it seems to me that better trees can be secured in a small nursery with a first-class owner who, because the business is not so large, can personally supervise every detail.



Center of tree of Marsh Grapefruit at Mrs. A. A. Cornell's, McAllen.



Nursery Trees Growing at La Granja, Lot 9.



Two-Year Trees Growing in Nursery Rows, Lot 8.



Lots Nos. 9 and 11, Prolific Grapefruit Ripens in October.

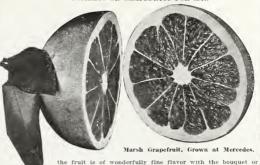
Fruit flat, size medium and running very uniform: color silvery yellow, skin smooth and glossy; juice very abundant; seeds lie close to core. Commences to color September 15th, to sugar October 11th, and gets full sugar by October 25th. Shipping can commence PRICES. Same as Marsh Pomelo. early in October. The earliest grapefruit known. Yet FOSTER RIPENS DECEMBER. Same high quality as the Walters but the can be left on tree till next August. Will stand from years the grapefruit marketed from Florida averaged \$3.09 for fruit sold before November 1st, while that sold between November 1st and April 1st brought \$1.60 PRICES. \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per dozen, \$175.00 per 100. average

PRICES LOTS 9 AND 11. % to %-inch caliper, \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per dozen, \$175.00 per 100.

It ripens earlier, being only second to the Prolific, and PRICES. Same as Marsh Pomela.

# Varieties

POWELOS OF CRAPEEPIUT FOR 1000



combination of sweet, acid and bitter which judges admire, but in this the sweet predominates. It ripens from two to able fruit

PRICES LOT 11. 56 to 36-inch caliper, \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per dozen, \$175.00 per 100.

MARSH SEEDLESS RIPENS DECEMBER. Form flat, size small to medium, color vellow rind smooth varjable in thickness, juice abundant, flavor fair, seeds none or up to six, season December to January, but can stay on tree till June. Almost exclusively in California and largely planted in Delta.

Lot 8. Any reasonable quantity if ordered early.

Lot 9. About 2 000

Lot 10. Any reasonable quantity. Root budded.

Lot 11. About 6,000 in same orange.

PRICES. % to %-inch caliber, \$1.75 each, \$18.00 per dozen, \$125.00 per 100, \$1.100.00 per 1.000 2-Year Buds, over 1-inch caliper, \$2.50 each, \$27.00 per dozen, \$200 per 100,

\$1.750.00 per 1.000. WALTERS RIPENS DECEMBER. Form flat, size medium to large, color

yellow, skin bright, clean and fine-grained, juice very abundant, flavor the best combination of sweet, acid and bitter I have tasted. Tree vigorous and prolific.

Lot No. 8. Any reasonable quantity if ordered early.

flesh is rose tinted. A wonderful novelty 2 to 6 degrees more frost than any other. In five and the few orchards shipping from Florida, get double the price of others grapefruit because of the great beauty of this fruit to serve.

Lot No. 11. Can get 200 trees in % to %-inch caliper.

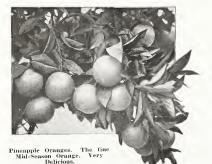
INMAN LATE RIPENS FEBRUARY. Does not ripen till end of February. It is so green during December and early January that the fruit will stand all but our heaviest frosts which are rare. It can stay on the tree till August. Size medium to large with smooth, DELICIOUS RIPENS NOVEMBER. A beautiful shaped tough skin of bright silvery yellow. Shape flat. Tree regular and reliable and very prolific bearer. The best fruit for the late market which is usually a high market. fruit derived from the much planted Silver Cluster but Lot No. 8. Any reasonable quantity if ordered early.



2 Year Old Florida Lime.

GOLD MEDAL. In one of the earliest groves in Polk County. Florida, there was a large and vigorous tree noted for the quality and beauty of its fruit. At the Pan-American Exposition of 1901 a large collection of grapefruit was exhibited and there the fruit from this tree was given the highest award, or a Gold Medal. This fruit is borne usually singly on long stems and hence every fruit is beautifully shaped. The flavor is wonderfully fine. It ripens in December but can stay on the tree till June. The trees are of rapid growth and heavy and early bearers. PRICES. Same as for Marsh Seedlings.

Only grown in Lot 10 on rough lemon roots and root budded.



PINEAPPLE, RIPENS DECEMBER AND JANUARY. The best all around orange for this section. Size medium to large,

color bright reddish orange, skin smooth, juice abundant, flavor rich, melting, aromatic. Season January, and can stay on tree till June. Tree strong grower and

Large quantities on Lots 8, 9, 10

prolific bearer.

and 11.

# **Oranges**

Sav	re Seed	lless,	Ruby	Blood,	will			and Oneco.	
						Each \$1.75	\$18.00	\$125.00	Per 1,000 \$1,100.00
		-				2.50 WILLC	W-LEAF	200.00 MANDARIN,	
							Eac	h Per Dog	Per 100

SEEDLESS, RIPENS OCTOBER. The most uniformly seedless orange of Florida color early in November about type. Gets its full sweetness in October and full color from orange to reddish, keye weeks earlier than Payson Brown. Size fair, color from orange to reddish, keye well on trees till March, very jutey and sweet. Can get only a few in Lot 111.

% to %-inch caliper.....\$2.25 \$24.00

PARSON BROWN, RIPENS NOVEMBER. Size medium, skin thin, fruit slightly oblong in October even before skin colors, should usually be shipped before end of December as it is apt to deteriorate. Tree thorny, large size and prolific bearer. Growth rapid and bears a large crop of fruit when fully mature, more hardy to this one of the most profitable of oranges, see flavor and early ripening, I consider this one of the most profitable of oranges, see

Any reasonable quantity in Lots 8, 9, 10 and 11.

WASHINGTON NAVEL. The early seedless orange which has made California famous, but not planted commercially in Florida and not nearly as profitable in California as the Valencias, etc. Delicious fruit has ripened here but with a few exceptions, the trees have been shy bearers; hence as yet advise only for home plantings.

Reasonable quantities obtainable in Lots 9 and 10.

YALENCIA LATE, LUE GIM GONG, TARDIFF, HART'S LATE, RIPEN FEBRUARY. These four

VALENCIA LATE, LUE GIM GONG, TARDIFF, HART'S LATE, RIPEN FEBRUARY. These four very close together. Fruit medium size, heavy and solid, skin thin and tough, few seeds, flavor brisk and racy. Season from February through summer. Trees study growers, prolific and early bearers. The Lue Gim Gong has perhaps a little larger fruit than the others and can stay ripe on the trees of the study growers.

The Lue Gim come has perhaps a fittle larger fruit than the others and can stay type on the decefor as long as two years, 9, 10 and 11.

RUBY BLOOD, RIPENS DECEMBER. This is one of the finest medium early oranges. Fruit firm and of excellent flavor. The inside is rarely red all over but spotted with deep red. The quality is so fine that it deserves a commercial planting.

Any reasonable outsuntity in Lot 10, if ordered early.

#### **Kid Glove Oranges**

These have loose skin and loose segments making them easy to eat and the trees are hardier than other orange trees. They are rapid growers and early and prolific bearers.

SATSUMA. The earliest ripening in October but small and often not very sweet. A few around home are good but do not advise commercial planting.

Small quantities obtainable in Lot 10.

PANCY TANGERINE. The most popular of the kid glove oranges and one of the most profitable of all oranges. Fruit flattened with thin aromatic skin of deep glossy red, easily detached from the pulp which is juicy and spritely. Ripens in December in time for Christmas market. Usually then commands from \$1.00 to \$2.00 more per box than other oranges; hence I advise commercial plantings.

Reasonable quantities in Lots 8, 9, 10 and 11.

Small quantities obtainable in Lots 9 and 11.

Small quantities obtainable in Lot 10.

KING MANDARIN, RIPENS JANUARY. Fruit larger, rounder, rougher than Tangerine and of a beautiful bright, deep red. The flavor is so fine that it commands the highest price of any orange on the market till the Temple orange arrived. Its bearing has been uneven in our Delta; hence I can only advise moderate plantings though it promises to be very profitable. Reasonable quantities in Lots 8, 10 and 11.

WILLOW-LEAF MANDARIN, RIPENS JANUARY. A beautiful, symmetrical tree with long, narrow leaves which ripened most delicious fruit at Mr. Volz's place in Mission. The fruit is spicy and aromatic with thin, high-colored skin. Advise for home use.

ONECO, RIPENS DECEMBER. A hybrid of the Tangerine and King with fruit of the size of the King but ripening at time of Tangerine and of wonderful fine flavor. Tree upright grower and heavy bearer. Advise only for home planting as yet.

Tangerine Oranges Ripen for Christmas. Kid Glove Skin.



Scedless, the Earliest and Most Profitable of Oranges.



Parson Brown Oranges, Grown at Mercedes.

# **Unusual Citrus Fruits**

ROYAL or LEONHARDI. Undoubtedly a hybrid of the orange and grapefruit. Fruit usually small for a grapefruit and large for an orange. Resembles grapefruit in rind and outside, but juice has no bitter in it and is a delicious breakfast fruit. It ripens early in November and can stay on tree several months. Not certain about its commercial qualities but fine for home grove.

PRICES. \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

TANGELO. A cross between the grapefruit and the Tangerine orange. Fruit size of a large navel orange with smooth skin and delicate and tender pulp and delicious flavor. It should make a fine breakfast fruit. I strongly advise the planting of a few.

Lot No. 8. Small quantity.
PRICES. \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

CALAMONDIN. (Citrus Mitis). A small tree rarely over 15 feet high, quite hardy, very prolific. Fruit about an inch thick, very acid and fine for summer drinks for marmalade. Much more hardy than the flux of the driven the control of the control o

CITRON. The fruit on this is very large with a thick skin which is soaked in brine and then in sugar symp to make the citron of commerce. It is a dwarf tree of low, spreading habit of the citron of commerce as a curiosity. Let Low 9.9 countries as the citron of commerce as a curiosity.

#### LIMES

PAHITI SEEDLESS, PERSIAN SEEDLESS, BEARSS SEEDLESS. These three are so close together that only an expert can tell them apart. They are entirely different from the small Mexican or Key lime. Fruit is as large as a medium lemon, but not quite so oblong. Skin deep green, thin, but tough. Juice abundant, bright green and a spritely lime acid flavor. I have fruited these at La Granja for years and think they will be the most profitable kind of citrus fruit we can grow as the demand is far ahead of the supply. But the tree is more tender than other started is of very traid crowth and very more than the control of the supply.

Lots Nos, 8 and 10. Always on rough lemon roots.

PRICES. % to %-inch caliper, \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per dozen, \$175.00 per 100.

SOUR RANGPUR or RANGOON. Resembles a Mandarin or Tangerine orange in its bright reddish; juice very acid and finely broved. A heavy bearer.

PRICES. % to %-inch caliper, \$3,00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

FLORIDA or MEXICAN or KEY LIME. Tree dwarf and thorny. Bears all the time and very prolific. Prefers salty soil and little or no cultivation. Trees may be planted 12 to 15 feet apart each way. Fruit from 1½ to 2 inches in diameter and very full of juice. Tree tender, injured by 24 degrees.

PRICES. Same as Tahiti Lime.

THORNLESS. Same as Florida lime save thornless except a few blunt thorns on young

Lot No. 10. Any reasonable quantity if ordered early. PRICES. Same as Tahiti Lime.



Marsh Grapefruit, Growing at La Bonita Farm.

Be Sure and Plant Some of This Unusual and Delicious Breakfast Fruit



What a Good %-inch Trees Is.





Valencia Oranges. The Fine Late Oranges. Can Stay on Trees Till July.



Kumquats

NAGAMI. While I can advise this fruit for small commercial planting, I do strongly advise it for ornamental and home use. The tree is a dwarf, can be set 10 feet apart, but very symmetrical and beautiful in shape and when set on with thousands of the little golden fruits, is very lovely. The fruit is about an inch long, rich golden yellow, with aromatic skin which you eat with the pulp. I have grown to enjoy the fruit raw. It makes delicious preserves.

Lot No. 11. Stock 500 trees. The Kumquat is so small a tree that it is not graded as other citrus trees.

PRICES. Large size. \$2.00 each, \$21.00 per dozen, \$150.00 per 100.

#### Assortments

No. 29. 1 dozen pomelo trees, % to %-inch caliper, at least four out of six varieties listed, my selection, \$18.00.

No. 30. 1 dozen orange trees, % to %-inch caliper, at least 6 out of the 10 varieties listed, my selection, \$18.00.

No. 31. 1 dozen pomelo and orange trees, % to %-inch caliper, at least 4 pomelo varieties and orange varieties, my selection, \$18.00.

No. 32. 1 dozen orange and grapefruit trees, 1inch caliper, my selection with 1 lemon if possible, \$27.00.

No. 33. 25 trees, % to %-inch caliper, 1 or 2 each lemons, limes, tangelos, kumquats, balance in oranges and pomelos, of early, medium and late, my selection, \$35.00.

No. 34, 50 trees, % to %-inch caliper, same assortment as No. 33, \$65.00.

No. 35, 100 trees, % to %-inch caliper, same assortment as No. 35, \$125.00,

In these last three assortments I will give, if possible, a few of the largest trees.

BALLING TREES. Consists in taking up with a ball of dirt around the roots and enclosing in burlaps well tied. Only trees in Lot No. 9 can be balled and the charge for this will be 50c for a single tree, \$4.50 for a dozen and \$30.00 for a hundred. It aids greatly in transporting and planting if the ball of dirt is not loosened.

#### Lemons

The lemon and lime are continuous blossomers and bearers though naturally they do not blossom in winter and do the more heavy blossoming in spring with fruit maturing in summer. Owing to prohibition of alcoholic liquors the demand for these wholesome drink-making fruits has increased vastly more than the supply, making their growth very profitable.

EUREKA and LISBON. The two leading California varieties. Size medium, rind thin, smooth and tough, strongly acid. Tree nearly thornless in Eureka, and with thorns in Lisbon. Strong and heavy bearers.

Lot No. 9. Stock about 1,000 2-year trees of Lemons with Blossom. They are Continuous Budded from selected trees from the fourth largest lemon orchard in California. Such trees are hard to buy. About 300 in % to % inch caliper and about 100 Lisbon.

PRICES. Same as for Marsh Pomelo.

VILLA FRANCA. Size medium, rind smooth, thin and sweet, juice abundant and strongly acid. Tree a strong grower. The leading Florida variety. Almost same as Lisbon. But not regarded in commercial growing as good as the Eureka.

Lots Nos. 8 and 10. Any small quantity if ordered carly.

PRICES. Same as for Marsh Pomelo.

PONDEROSA. A very large lemon, fruits weighing as much as four pounds, flavor good. Tree a very rapid grower and early and heavy bearer, but very tender. Will be injured by 26 degrees. This is a very interesting curiosity and good for home use, but is not commercial.

Lot No. 9. Between one and two hundred in % to %-inch caliper.

PRICES. \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per dozen, \$175.00 per 100. Pot-grown plants 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen.

CHINESE LEMON. This is hardy as a Kumquat. It produces early and is prolific. The quality of fruit is good. It makes a fine pot or porch plant ...

PRICES. Small plants 75c each, \$7.50 per dozen



Bloomers and Bearers.



Eureka Lemons Planted at La Grania March 10, 1918. Photographed July 2, 1918. Not Four Months Old.



No. 1. Persian Lime No. 2. Villa Franca Lemon SUNDRY CITRUS FRUITS. No. 3 Satsuma Orange No. 4 Tangerine

No. 5 Kumquat No. 6 Mandarin

# Condensed Price List

POMELOS. Marsh, Walters, Inman Late. Gold

ORANGES. Parson Brown, Pineapple, Tardiff, Valencia Late, Lue Gim Gong, Washington Navel, Satsuma, Tangerine (Dancy), Mandarin (Kine)

LEMONS. Eureka, Lisbon, Villa Franca.

#### DDICES

Each Dozen 100 1000

5% to %-in. caliper, 4 to 5 ft. high.....\$1.75 \$18.00 \$125.00 \$1100.00 2-yr. over 2-in. cali-

per, 5 to 7 ft. high. 2.50 27.00 200.00 1950.00

POMELOS. Prolific. Foster.

ORANGES. Seedless, Ruby Blood, Willow Leaf Mandarin, Oneco.

LEMONS. Ponderosa

LIMES. Tabiti, Seedless, Florida, Thornless,

PRICES. % to %-inch caliper, 4 to 5-inch height, \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per doz. \$175.00 per 100.

POMELO. Royal.

LIME. Rangpur

TANGELO. Sampson.

PRICES. % to %-inch caliper, \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen.

CALAMONDIN. Seedlings.

PRICES. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

CITRON. \$3.50 each.

THE TEMPLE ORANGE. Sold only under con-

PRICES. % to %-inch caliper, \$4.00 each, \$39.00 per dozen. \$250.00 per 100

LEMONS. Ponderosa, pot-grown plants. Chinese. PRICES, 75c each, \$7.59 per dozen.

KUMQUATS. Nagami.

PRICES. Large, \$2.00 each, \$21.00 per dozen, \$150.00 per 100.



# BOOKS

So important is knowledge that I give space for six books. I advise growers to buy and study them. They are not profitable to me save as they make you more satisfied customers.

"CTRUS FRUTTS AND THEIR CULTURE," by Prof. H. Harold Hume, formerly Professor of Horticulture and Botany in the University of Florida, and now manager of the old large and reliable Glen St. Mary Nurseries, is a book of 587 pages, well illustrated, and clearly written. It costs \$2.50, and postage 55c; total \$2.85. It is Well worth the price to anyone buying trees. It is THE standard authority for Florida practice. I can obtain it for you for this price or you can send direct to its publishers. The Orange Judd Co., in New York City.

"CITRUS FRUITS," by Dr. J. Elliott, Cott, Professor of Citriculture in the University of California, etc., etc., is a book of 250 pages finely illustrated and giving the best California practice. It is published by the Macmillan Co., of New York City, and costs \$2.00, and postage 55 cents; total \$2.55. It is later than the other book, being published in 1915. I advise the purchase of both books, and can obtain this book also.

\*\*OKCHARDING IN THE RIO GRANDE DELTA\*
is a book which I am working on and hope to lave out this coming winter and fall, and dealing specially with our own problems here. It will be published by the Macmillan Co. of New York City, and can be obtained when out, from them or me

"THE PECAN AND ITS CULTURE," by Prof. H.
Harold Hume,
is the standard book on this valuable nut tree.
It costs \$1.50, and postage 20 cents; total \$1.70.
Can be had from either myself or the Glen St.

Mary Nurseries at Glen St. Mary, Florida.

"PRUNING," by M. G. Kains is a book just published by The Orange Judd Co. New York City. It contains the latest information on this very important subject and should be in the hands of every citrus grower in this Delta as proper pruning means an immense difference in fruit production. Price \$2.00 each with \$5c for postage and war tax, \$2.35 net.

"THE PRUNING MANUAL." by L. H. Balley, is a book of 407 pages published in 1898 but revised and reset in 18th edition. I hardly know which of two is most valuable. If you can afford it, get both. Published by The Macmillan Co. of New York, \$2.00 plus postage and war tax 35c; \$2.55 net.

#### Lessons of the Cold

(Extract from California Cultivator). The sudden vanishing of \$25,000,000.00 a little while ago in California would not be relished even by Rockefeller. It may make the pain a little less acute to say that January 5th may be debited with \$15,000,000.00, January 6th with an equal amount and the other half dozen nights of chill with the remainder. Anyway, it has gone as the wrecks at Redlands, Chula Vista, etc., now fully proclaim.

Florida orchardists thought the same till 1895, then they moved their citrus groves farther south.

The business man unfamiliar with the citrus industry, says: "Why not go farther south?" Oranges grown in frostless regions below the Tropic of Cancer, while sweet and juicy, possess no carrying power, and what is the use in raising fruit unless it can be gotten in good condition to the consumer.

We eliminate chance in rainfall by irrigating, chance from destructive insects by spraying and rumigating, chance in selling by an unequalled marketing system. Why not eliminate chance from frost by fire-pots. Well-placed wind-breaks are unquestionably beneficial but not sufficient. It costs money if we fire, but more if we do not.



Canco Heaters Nos. 3 and 5.

#### Dollars vs. Frost

(Extract from The Los Angeles Times of Dec. 14, 1915). Three and a half millions of dollars to fight frost. This, according to the Fruit Growers Supply Co. is being spent by the state's citrus growers to eliminate frost. An ounce of prevention is worth a bound of cure.

At the present time there are 3,000,000 orchard heaters primed for action at any moment the frost patrols report the possibility of frost.

NOTE. When in Los Angeles, the Whiting-Mead Co. told me they had sold this year, through the Fruit Growers Supply Co., over forty thousand of their new fire-pots at \$7.50 each, or a total of \$500,000,00, and these with the Colloring planness to go with them mean that this year the Colloring through the colloring provers are spending another half million on the proposed of the colloring through the colling through the

#### SUMMARY.

(From Bulletin No. 79 of the Agricultural Experiment Station of Nevada).

Experiments have shown that even when the temperature falls as low as 22 degrees F, and frosts occur persistently, orchards can be protected at an expense from 73 to 95 cents per tree. This estimate includes one-tenth of the original cost of heaters with 50 per cent added for depreciation and 17th maximum cost for each heating should not exceed 10 to 12½ cents per tree. In an orchard of 250 trees, the average expense of each of 13 heatings was 56 cents per tree.

DESCRIPTION OF HEATERS. Cance Heaters No. 3 and No. 5 and No. 5 aware a drawn seamless bowl with seamless slip cover, equipped with draft regulator on one side, also regular stack with flaring stack cover; bowl and stack made of 27 gauge iron; esamless cover and flaring stack cover of 28 gauge iron; regulator fittings of the stack of the sta

Both have combination air regulator and oil filler opening and all parts nest.

CANCO HEATER NO. 3. Holds 5 gallons oil and burns from 9 to 12 hours. It costs f. o. b. Donna, \$2.50 for one, \$25.00 per dozen, \$175.00 per 100, and \$1.500.00 per 1.000.



\$50.00 per 100.

#### Protection for Young Trees

One-year old and usually two-years old trees do not have enough foliage on them to retain the heat and so rarely are fire-pots used in these. These should always be banked above the bud by the end of November and then they can be wrapped in cornstalks or reeds or other non-conductors, but there is always the danger of smothering the trees if wrapping is made too impervious or letting cold through if wrapping too light. I have had made for me bags made of two thicknesses of tough craft paper with waterproofing in center. These are glued together with waterproof glue and staved at bottom. I have long used this paper for packing nursery stock and it is fine. These bags are not fastened at sides for 9 to 12 inches at bottom and these flaps can be spread on ground and a shovel of dirt put on them to hold down. Two men should easily cover an acre an hour with these bags, and they can be left on as long as a week, but it would be better not to leave them on longer than one or two days.

#### WATERPROOF BAGS.

18x27 inches, \$3.00 per dozen, \$18.00 per 1,00 s. \$15.00 per 100, \$150.00 per 100, \$250.00 per doz., \$27.00 per 1000, \$250.00 per 1,000.

56x48 inches, \$5.00 per doz., \$36.00 per 100, \$270.00 per 1,000.

per 1,000.

#### Frost Alarm Thermometer



HERMONIDAE

incurating

A sudden fall of temperature usually takes place at hight. It is not necessary to have a man watch thermometers, nor set an alarm clock so you can get up and flook at a more supported to the support of the support of

No. 4967—One thermometer complete with special relay attachment, batteries and electric bell arranged to ring when temperature gets down to 32. But without the wire to connect it, which can be purchased locally. \$37,50 each.

No. 5430S. THERMOMETERS. \$1.25 e.

dozen. These are first-class thermometers for setting around in your orchard.

Barometers, Rain Gauges, etc., obtained on request.



No. 54308 Thermometer.

# Citrus Grove Tools and Supplies

BUDDING AND PRUNING ENTER 2 S 154-One large pruning and one small . eneving blade half crocus polished and etched. Length four inches each ......\$1.75

#### DETINING SAW

D E 100 - Finest spring steel blade polished and etched applewood handle. The reversed teeth cut on the draw stroke, making overhead pruning much less fatiguing Length 14 inches 



Most durable and easiest cutting pruner, very powerful, cuts clean. Weighs only 71/2 ounces, but will cut 16-inch dry oak. A ladies' size, and fine for cutting fruit from trees. Each ......\$1.10

#### PRUNER No. 24.

Larger size, weighs 13 ounces, and will cut % -inch dry oak. You can cut up to size of jaws. Easily sharpened. Each .....\$1.35

#### PRUNER CALIFORNIA.

No. 30-Black finish, fine stock, Length 9 inches. Volute spring. Each ......\$1.10



23 and 24



Large Clipper No. 35.

SHEARS. Can get into center of tree with these and will cut 14-inch stick

with ease. Length 26 inches. Each .....\$2.00

HEDGE SHEARS-D E H 9. Forged from highest grade tool steel. Blade 9 inches long and 12-inch hickory handles. Each .....\$3.50

TREE PRUNERS-D E 8. A two-piece steel hook with tempered tool steel blade on end of an 8 foot basswood handle with rod and handle to cut up high on trees. Each .....\$2.00

SPAGHNUM MOSS-The best packing if you intend to ship anything; will hold water longer than any other. Bales of about 40 pounds, per lb. 5c; less quantities, per lb. 8c.

BAMBOO STAKES-3 to 4 feet long, for tieing tender trees. Per 100 .....\$1.75



EXPAN TREE PROTECTORS 18 inches high, \$2.50 per 100: \$21.00 per 1.000 Strongly advise their use

CREOSOTE, CRUDE, or CARBOLIC ACID. -For washing trees before banking and for disinfecting. As this is crude, it varies in strength For trees dilute till it does not burn the skin when rubbed onto it

Per pint bottle, 40c; per gallon......\$2.50

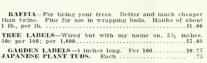
ARSENATE OF LEAD (Paste)-A noison to destroy insects which eat foliage. Often mixed with Bordeaux. Dilute 3 nounds to 50 gallons of water In 10-nound cans

Per pound \$0.45 

POWDERED SILPHUR-For disinfecting trees and dusting. Per pound......\$0.15

COPPER SULPHATE-For making Bordeany Mixture. Price fluctuates: per lb., 40c. 

Tree Protector



#### Planting Contracts

PLANTING CONTRACTS-I am offering to take on a limited number of acreage plantings under three contracts. These vary slightly with land and other conditions. Contracts sent on application.

1st. \$500.00 PER ACRE.—For this amount I will furnish citrus and windbreak trees, plant and care till March 1, 1920 and you have no other expense save taxes and water rates. and I guarantee an 100 per cent stand at end.

2nd. 30c PER TREE-If you buy your trees from me, I will plant and give first irrigation for this.

3rd. \$25.00 PER ACRE-For this I will supervise all operations for a year and you pay actual cost plus 10 per cent You get two detailed reports with the condition of every tree stated.

PLANTING TERMS-I am glad to advise, plan and map grounds for planting at \$25.00 per day.

PRUNING, ETC .-- At 50c per hour for expert laborers and \$1.50 per hour for superintendent time, and transportation.

For Terms. Deliveries, Guarantee, Complaints, Substitution. Etc., Etc., see back of Order Blank,

#### Assortments

No varied stock has ever been known to sell out completely in all lines and this is particularly true where the stock must be disposed of by a certain time. It is rendered more frue by the fact that many plants can only be brought into our Delta in carlots save at prohibitory expense for express

I am frankly meeting this difficulty in this nursery business by giving customers extremely low prices who take My SELECTION of certain varieties. Thus No. 1 is a dozon as sorted of nine varieties of shade trees. Some group of customers may have seen the Devil's Ear Tree and taken a great fancy to it and buy all I have, while the reverse happens to the white popinac which is an equally lovely tree for this section. If you are willing to take my selection, you get a dozen without the Devil's Ear tree but with the White Popinac at \$6.50 instead of \$7.50 as paid by those who selected for themselves

Nothing but first quality trees put into these assortments: they are just the same as you buy at a higher price if you

stock evenly. But I am thus enabled to close out my
2- 1/2 dozen snade trees assorted out of nine varia-
No. 3—16 dozen flowering dweet forms 5.00
rieties 6.00
-1 dozen Howering dwarf trees out of five verie
No. 5—16 dozen cyprose out of the same 10.00
rieties ar on
berry, etc
No. 10-7-foot bed of cannas, two varieties
No. 11-12-foot bed of cannas, three varieties 2.00
No. 12-1 dozen cannas, three each of four varieties 1.00
No. 13-50 cannas, of six varieties
No. 11—5-foot bed of cannas and day lilies
No. 15-1 dozen Lilies of South out of eight varieties 2.00
No. 16-5-foot bed of Lilies of South
No. 17—7-foot bed of Lilies of South. 6.50
No. 18-9-foot bed of Lilies of South and tuberoses 9.00
No. 19-9-foot bed of Lilies of South and day lilies10.00
No. 20—1/2 dozen rare vines
No. 21—1/2 dozen vines out of seven varieties. 2.25
No. 22—1/2 dozen vines out of fifteen varieties. 3.50
No. 23—½ dozen oleanders out of six varieties. 5.00 No. 24—1 dozen old favorites out of six varieties 5.25
No. 25—1/2 dozen crepe myrtles out of four varieties 3.25
No. 26—1 dozen hibiscus out of six varieties
No. 27—1 dozen Lantanas out of four varieties. 4.00
No. 29—1 dozen parmines out of three varieties 2.50
%-inch caliper
No. 30-1 dozen orange trees out of ten varieties, % to
%-inch caliper
No. 31—1 dozen citrus trees out of sixteen varietles, 5%
to %-inch caliper
1 Mon compet

No. 32-1 dozen citrus trees out of sixteen varietles, 1-

No. 34-50 citrus trees out of twenty-three varieties, 5% 

No. 35-100 citrus trees out of twenty-three varieties, %

inch caliper .......27.00 No. 53-25 citrus trees out of twenty-three varieties, %

to %-inch caliper ......35.00

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# The Value of Landscaping

IN HOLDING NEW SETTLERS. The previous page on the Need of Landscaping, has shown much of its value. So I am repeating here that without trees, shrubs and plants around the home, there slowly grows and deepens a dislike of our climate and section. With them, this changes. If we want to hold our new families we must encourage landscaping both around the homes and in parks, roads and

ON HEALTH. With one exception, the climate of the Rio Grande Delta is a fine one for the white man. It is so warm that we wear as few clothes as the law allows and are always either outside or in a breeze; this means a continual evaporation of perspiration from the skin all over the body, lightening the work of the liver and kidneys and easily carrying off cffee matter from the body. Also we wear light colored clothes, letting the sunlight more onto the skin, which is not great value. Few people realize how in the North.

or half the year they are shut in houses, get out of drafts and fresh air, wear heavy and often nearly waterproof clothing, and that the amilight rarely gets not the skin. All of these things mean increased health in the Rio Grande section.

THE ONE EXCEPTION is that we get too much sunlight. Its nettinic effect through the skin and the eye-strain caused by its continual brilliancy and the absence in our natural landscape of much shade, makes people nervous and over-wrought, they know not why.

THE REMEDY is the planting of palms, trees, shrubs and flowers everywhere on private property through public encouragement and private initiative, on public property through our elected officials encouraged and aided by private advice and help. We can thus make our people healthir and less nervous, complaining and critical. This is of enormous

FINANCIAL VALITE. Some people say: "On amount to much." Of course they are wrong. But with such, the secondary but still tremendously important financial argument carries great weight. Every paint of size adds value not only to the property it is grown on but also to every acre of land in the valley.

ACTUAL VALUE OF PLANTS. Any real estate man wift tell you that a mature and good-bearing orange or grape-fruit tree adds at least \$15.90 to the value of a property, a six or eight foot high palm adds \$25.90 to the value of property, a larger palm of say fifteen feet adds \$50.00 to property, a pretty lawn of about 500 square feet (this means 20x25 feet or 10x26 feet and is small), with edging of shrubbery and background of tall growing palmeer of the adds \$50.00 to property, a pretty lawn of about 500 square feet (this means 20x25 feet or 10x26 feet and is small), with edging of shrubbery and background of tall growing palmeer and background of tall growing palmeer and background of tall growing palmeer and background of tall spowling background with the should be sh



#### Plant! Plant! Plant!

Upper, a street in Mercedes lined with Canary Palms and with proper foliage planted around houses. These palms are not strictly an avenue palm as they spread very wide, but where enough space is given they are very stately.

Lower, a residence set perhaps 200 feet back from the street and embedded in strubbery. There is a wide fine lawn in front of the house, enabling immates to see the road and passers to get this fine view of the house. The palms on each side are the lovely Queen or Cooco Plumosa palm. On the right at the back is a Canary palm and on the left a fan palm, while other and lower shrubbery enhance the homey lines of this house making it look a part of our lovely earth.



while a quarter mile pain bordered avenue. If the pains are any decent size, is easily worth a couple of thousand. Go ask any real estate man in southern California or Florida and the best ones in the Rio Grande D Ita.

THE TOURIST VALUE. We have a better winter climate than either California or Florida, and easier access from the great Mississippi Vallev which today contains the largest body of well-to-do and prosperous people in the world. The stream of winter tourists is beginning. It is going to increase To make it increase very rapidly we mainly need two things good roads and horticulture. In public and private plant The more and the quicker all kinds of palms, trees, shrubs and flowers are planted, the more certain are our occasional winter visitors to return and bring others with them. The quicker the fructifying stream of winter tourists can be swelled and made great, the more prosperous will every interest in the Delta become, the higher will land values rise, the greater will be the local and home market for every home product of the Delta

To bring these in increasing volume.

VALUE OF BEAUTY. How can we measure the value of beauty around us? The common yard-stick of dollars and cents is futile there. In fact, what are dollars and cents for anyway? The man who accumulates them only for themselves is a miser, is recarded with contempt and is a fool.

The man who uses his dollars to secure beauty around and through his life and living, has lifted the whole grade of his life to something fine and noble. Not many dollars are needed either, but the strong desire and purpose for beauty.

Dean Hole once wrote: "After fourscore years, I maintain that there is no recreation which brings so much happiness and brightness into a man's life as horticulture."

It is a recreation and pursuit which never grows flat or stale. It is dealing with life whose furthermost development is beyond our vision. One never tires of it as we never reach its end.

In the Rio Grande Delta, orcharding combines large remuneration and pleasure. Landscaping, which is the art of surrounding one's home with beauty, is vastly remunerative in life.

Hence, the final argument is that-

LANDSCAPING SURROUNDS LIVING WITH BEAUTY,

# You Can Have a House Like This if You Wish



Residence of W. D. Beatty, Esq., at McAllen, shaded with palms, surrounded by flowers.

To put thousands in a house and nothing in its surroundings is folly.

Let me prepare plans and furnish the trees and plants for you to plant.

Exact Estimates Given.

ELTWEED POMEROY Donna, Texas



Mercedes Hotel in 1915, above. Mercedes Hotel in 1919, below.

# Before and After

The First is Barren
The Second is Beautiful

Landscape Planting Pays Both Esthetically and Financially



I Will Plan Your Planting and Furnish the Trees. Eltweed Pomeroy, Donna, Texas.